# Mateat Medirine.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL, DOSSESSES the most speedy and effectual remedy

Possesses the most speedy and effectual remedy in the world for all Secret Diseases:

Genorrhow, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Threat, Nose or Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both body and mind.

Young Men especially, who have become the vic-

Young Men especially, who have become the vic-tims of Solitary Vice that dreadful and destructive thabit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thabit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise laye entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage,
Marriage,
being aware of physical weakness or any other impediment, should immediately consult Dr. Johnston.

OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK, St., seven doors from Baltimore street; East side; up the steps.

13-Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place. Be not entitled from this office.

at Fredericksburg, Ya., in his editorial of the 18th of May, 1855, thus speaks of HAMPTON'S VEGETAble Tircture:

"Some time ago we merely alluded to Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, with a promise of noticing more particularly the great relief we have ourself derived from its isse. During our collegiate coursel, ewing to sedentary habits, we became quite dyspeptic, and were very much troubled with vertigo. For more than twelve years after leaving college, we were laboring under these two afflictions. In the spring of 1853, our general health became so delicate that it was with great difficulty we could attend to the ordinary duties of our profession. Everything we are immediately turned acid, our digestive organs became wholly deranged; losing as it seemed to us, all their activity and vitality; we were constantly depressed in sprit, our energy almost forsook us, and nothing but necessity urged us on to action.

Ve had taken strong medicines, observed great particularity in cur diet, and all to no purpose. We had despaired of ever recovering our health, when a female friend of ours importuned us to get a bottle of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, assuring us that we would find great relief from its use. We briefly replied, "we would not give a dollar for a'l the Tincture Hampton ever made, so far as our own individual health was concerned." We had no faith in it, nor any other medicine in effecting a cure on us. In the kindness of her heart, however, without consulting us to accept of it, she sent and got one bottle and urged us to necept of it, and for her sake, as it could not possibly injure us, to use it according to direction. For the high regard we had for her and her act of kindness, we promised to do so. And without exaggeration we can truly say that before we had used the contents of one bottle we felt like a new man.

We used, a presentively; from ten to fifteen bottles, We were afraid to give it up, fearing our did diseases might return, Since then, our digestive organs have been hundringly to the sake o ber, or you will mistake the place. Be not enticed from this office.

A Gure Warranted or no Charge, in Irom one to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (extensive practice of Dr. Johnston).

In Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surreons, I ondon Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsowhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever king in Many troubled with a ringing in the cars and head when asleep, great nervousness, being altimed at stidden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured innividuately. When the misepided and impudent volary of plasture finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful dis-

ease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriendhim, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this a wful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHN-STON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or tynorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, increary, rain the constitution, and either send the unfortunates afferer than untimely grave, or makes

the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects pro duced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Disposia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Diges tive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Con-

sumption, &c.

Manrauty.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, accrsion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c.,

Br. Johnston's invigorating Remedy for General Debility.

By this great and important feinedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousards of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lose all hope, have been immediately relieved.—
All impedments to Marriage, Physical or Mental
Disqualification, Nervous Icritability, Trembling and
Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind,

Toung Men

. Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indelged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evilcompanions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be spatched from all prosperts and enjoyments of life. are speedily cured.

snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path o nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.—

Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote communial happiness. Indeed, without this, the jearney through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the meiancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own.— Weakness of the Organs

immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgius.

cal Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

There are so many interest and worthless There are so many ignerant and worthless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflictor, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his Office.

ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID—REME-

DIES sent to any part of the country.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick St., East side
Observe name on door. Feb. 27, 1855.—1y. FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE.
LYNCHBURG HOSE AND FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company makes Insurance against loss or damages by Fire, on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Tobacco Factories and other Buildings, on Furniture, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, generally in town and country, on the most favorable terms.

Also makes Insurance on the lives of all persons enoying good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life, or for a limited period.

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be nsured on reasonable terms. The Company will also take marine risks from and o any of the Northern or Southern Ports, at favora-

Board of Directors.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, President. DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President. SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineer, GEORGE W. YANCEY,
WILLIAM T. ANDERSON,
JOHN O. TAYLOR,
MARTIN HOLLINS, Treasurer.
CREED T. WILLS, Secretary.

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates.

Capital \$150,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest princi-

ples of equity, justice, and economy, HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA. JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

Jos. S. Carson,
James P. Riciy,
H. H. M'Guyre,
N. W. Richardson,
B. W. HERBERT,
Agent for Jefferson county.

[F. F.]

Testimonials.

Winchester, May 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saving that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherbard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tidball, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. HALLITOWN MILLS.

THE subscriber, determined to establish a reputation for the HALLTOWN MILLS for making good Flour for family use, takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally that he will hereafter keep constantly on hand a very superior article, made of selected Wheat expressly for that purpose, and will be pleased to either exchange it for Wheat on the usual terms of five bushels of Wheat for one barrel of Flour, or for cash at a fair price.

33-For sale also at the store of Messes. Keyes & Kearsley, Charlestown.

Feb. 6, 1855—3m

G. W. FOX. NEGROES FOR SALE,

NEGROES FOR SALE,

May 8, 1855.

NEGROES FOR SALE,

May 8, 1855.

Negroes of the state of

VOL. XII

WE WOULD NOT GIVE A DOLLAR

FOR ALL THE FINCTURE HAMPTON EVER MADE.

THUS spoke a wise and good man, but mark the change! Let the afflicted hear him, and then decide whether to suffer on or be inade whole. Ye professional men, with ruined health, hear!

Rev. James W. Hunnicutt, the talented and independent editor of that highly popular and extensively read paper, the Christian Banner, published at Fredericksburg, Va., in his editorial of the 18th of May, 1855, thus speaks of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE:

"Some time a good we merely allighed to Hampton's

that we have. Itshould be kept in every family. No family should ever be without HAMPTON'S VEG-

ETABLE TINCTURE."

Lawyers, Doctors, Bankers, Ministers, in all the Delpartments of State, Ladies and Gentlemen in the higher walks of life, as well as those moving in the most humble spheres, speak of the cures on themselves and friends by this wonderful article.

AN APPEAL TO COMMON SENSE.

CAPTAIN BENJAMIN-Wherever known his tes-

Let the Sick Hear the Truth.

Easton, Oct. 4, 1854.
Messrs. Mertimer & Mowbray-Gents: -I fe

and I centinued to grow worse. I heard of HAMP-TON'S TINCTURE and thought I would give it a trial.

Rheumatism, but in a short time I was well of that

isease. From the effects of your Tincture and the

the above statement correct.

DAW SON & BRO.

From our knowledge of Captain Benjamin we are

CHARLES ROBINSON.

THE CRY IS STILL THEY COME.

confident that the above statement is true and unexaggerated.

J. A. JOHNSON.

CERTIFICATE FROM HON, J. H. DURBORO.

We have a flood of testimony pouring in upon us of cures—Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c., and for all Nervous Diseases and Female Complaints,

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE .- Call and get

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

JOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADEL-

PHIA.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT to all persons afflicted with Sexual diseases, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHEA,

&3-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

And by Dealers every where.

GEG. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned having entered into a Co-Partnership with his father, Samuel C. Young, toconduct
THE BUTCHERING BUSINESS

in Charlestown, most respectfully solicits the support of the community. Having been associated for several years in the business with his father in Charlestown, he hopes its citizens will bear in testimony to the fact that he has at least endeavored to render satisfaction, and accommodate them in all matters to the best of his ability. Having now embarked somewhat upon his own hook, and desirous

barked somewhat upon his own hook, and desirous of making a livelihood by his own labour, he hopes

he may not appeal in vain to a generous public.

The BEST MEATS the market of this or adjoining counties can furnish, will be served up regularly, and sold at the lowest price that will afford a LIVING profit, from a DEAD article of trade.

Respectfully, &c.,
Jan. 23, 1855. GEO. W. YOUNG.

ALL Persons coming out of the road leading from Leetown and coming in on the Turnpike leading from Smithfield to Charlestown, and turning in at Cameron's Depot, shall pay one cent for any horse or any such animal, in draught or riding, 6 or for two horse Carriage 6 Cents, or one Carriage 3 Cents. By Order of April 24, 1655.

THE PRESIDENT.

PLAIN WHITE BERAGE
AND MOUSLAINE;
for Capes and Scarfs;
Weite Silk Fringe and White Silk Lace,
for sale by
ERAMER & HAWKS.
May 8, 1855.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.—I have off hand an assortment of good Ready-Made Clothing, very low.

Halltown, May 15, 1856.

BEST CHEWING and Lynchburg Smoking

GARDEN SEEDS.

JUST received and for sale a lot of Allen's celebrated Winchester GARDEN SEEDS—warranted fresh and genuine.

Feb. 20.

JOHN D. LINE.

PRIME White Moreer Potatoes, for sale by March 27. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

A LARGE stock of Carpets, Straw Matting and May 1, 1855. JOHN D. LINE.

WHITE KID FLOVES.—Ladies and gentle-men's White Kid and Silk gloves, for sale by May 8, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS.

H. L. EBY & SON.

March 20.

April 10, 1855-4m.

IG-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal

CURE OF COUGH, HOARSENESS, &C.

out it if it can be had

ness, &c., &c.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1855:

Poetrn:

READER, are you a husband or a father? a wife or a mother? Have you the sincere welfare of those you love at heart? Prove your sincerity, and lose no time in learning what causes interfere with their health and happiness not less than your own. It will about to you and yours, as it has to thousands, many a day of pain and anxiety followed by sleepless nights, incapacitating the mind for its ordinary avocation and exhausting those means for medical attendance, medicines and advertised nostrums, which otherwise would provide for declining years, the infirmities of age and the proper education of your children. The American Flag. BY JUSEPH RODMAN DRAFE. When Freedom from her mountain height,
Unfurl'd her standard to the air,
She tore the azure robe of night,
And set the stars of glory there.
She mingles with its gorgeous dyes
The milky baldric of the skies,
And striped its pure celestial white,
With streakings of the morning light;
Then from his mansion in the sur

the infirmities of age and the proper education of your children.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from year to year in that pitiable condition as not even for one day to feel the happy and exhiliarating influence incident to the enjoyment of health, arising from ignorance of the simplest, and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which chiails disease, suffering and misery.

"And must this continue? Most this be? Is there no remedy? No relief? No hope?"

The remedy is by knowing the causes and avoiding them, and knowing the remedies and benefitting by them.

These are peinted out in

STARTLING, BUT TRUE!

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

These are peinted out in
The MARRIED WOMAN'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,
BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN. One Hundredth Edition (500,000)

Is mo, pp. 250,

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTAR BINDING, \$1.00].

A standard work of established reputation, found classed in the catalogues of the great trade sales in New York, Philadelphia, and other cities, and sold by p neipal booksellers in the United States—first published in 1847, since which time

500,000 COPIES

have been sold, of which there were upwards of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND SENT BY MAIL attesting the high estimate in which it is held as a reliable popular Medical

BOOK FOR EVERY FEMALE

the author having devoted his exclusive a tention to the treatment of complaints peculiar to females, in respect to which he is yearly consulted by thousands both in person and by letter.

Here every kroman can discover, by comparing her own symptoms with those described, the nature, character, causes of, and the proper reinedies for her complaints

complaints.

The wife allout becoming a mother has oftenned of instruction and advice of the utmost importance to her future health, in respect to which her sensitiveness forbids consulting a medical gentleman, will find such instruction and advice, and also explain a programment of the property of th plain many symptoms which otherwise would occa-sion anxiety or alarm, as all, the peculiaritles incision anxiety or alarm, as all the peculiarities ineident to her situation are described.

How many are suffering from obstructions or irregularities peculiar to the female system, which undermine the health, the effects of which they are ignorant, and for which their delicacy forbids seeking medical advice! Many suffer from prolapsus uteri (falling of the womb,) or from fluor albus (weakness, debility, &c.) Many are in constant agony for many months preceding confinement. Many have difficult if not dangerous deliveries, and slow and uncertain recoveries. Some whose lives are hazarded during such time, will each find in its pages the means of prevention, amelioration and relief.

It is of coarse impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married or those contemplating marriage. timony will be conclusive. But lest those who do not know the Captain should be sceptical, Dr. Dawson & Bro., with others of the best known and most highly respectable citizens of Easton, endorses wonderful courtesy.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

my duty to you and the public to certify to the efplating marriage. In consequence of the universal popularity of the work, as evidenced by its extraordinary sale, various fects of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. I was for more than five years laboring under a disease of Chronic Rheumatism, and the great part of that time I was so helpless that I had to be helped from my bed and dressed in my clothes, I became reduced to a mere impositions have been attempted, as well on books sellers as on the public, by imitations of title page, spurious editions, and surreptitious infringements skeleton. All the medicines I took deneme no good, of copyright, and other devices and deceptions, it has been found necessary, therefore, to. CAUTION THE PUBLIC At this time I did not expect to live one day a ter another. I did not take it (the Tincture) for the

to buy no book unless the words "Dr. A. M. Mauri CEAU, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on (and the en try in the Clerk's Office on the back of) the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. disease. From the effects of your Tincture and the help of God I am now getting in good health.

I wish all the afflicted to try Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, as I have done, with the same effect that it has on

Your Obd't. Serv't.,

ISAAC BENJAMIN.

We are acquainted with Isaac Benjamin; sold him some of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, and believe the above statement correct. Mauricean. (F-Upon receipt of One Dollar, "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (mailed free) to any part of the United States, the Canadas and British Provinces. All letters must

be post paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York, [April 3, 1555.

IMPORTANT. ONDER the Act of Congress approved the 3d day of March, 1855, those persons who have received 40 acres of Bounty Land are entitled to an additional amount of 120 acres.
Those persons who have received 80 acres are en-Those persons who have received to acres are cultitled to 50 acres additional.

Those persons who have not heretofore been entitled to Land, and whose service has been 14 days or less than 30 days, are entitled to 160 acres.

Those persons who have been in actual battle, or any engagement any time less than 30 days, are entitled to 160 acres. titled to 160 acres.
Those Revolutionary Officers and Soldiers who

Hampton's Tincture has no superior.

Ringsold, Md., April 10, 1854.

Messrs: Mortimer & Mowbray:

Gents—It is with real pleasure that I bear testimo ny to the healing and curative powers of DroHampton's Vegetable Tincture. Sometime last Fall I was taken with a serious and bad Cough, with Hoarsehave never received Bounty Land from the United States, are entitled to 160 acres. If dead, their Wid ness, so that I could scarcely speak above my breath. I called on one of your Agents for a remedy, when he advised me to try Hampton's Tincture, which I commenced using, and in four days my cough and hoarseness was entirely gone. I now keep it (the Tincture) as a family medicine and won't be v ithout it if it can be hed ows are entitled.

Seamen, Teamsters and Indians, who have been in Service during the existence of War, are entitled to 160 acres of Land.

For all correct information and proof of service and obtainment of claims, address, (postage paid,) or Yours respectfully, J. H. DURBORO.

Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

call in person upon WM. W. B. GALLAHER, Free Press Office, or JOHN S. GALLAHER, Washington, D. C. March 13, 1855. GEORGE W. CASTLEMAN,

pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervous-SURVEYOR AND ENGINEER, BERRYVILLE, VA. WILL attend strictly to LAND SURVEYING AND ENGINEERING, and prepare to order TOPOGRAPHICAL FARM MAPS, LEVELING DAGRAMS, &c. Calculations, Reports of Survey & ., made and returned without delay. timore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

Alfred Castleman, of Clarke County.
John Louthan, do do do. John Louthan, Col. D. S. Bonham, do do Col. B. Morgan, do do Dr. R. J. McCandly, Winchester Va. John F. Wall, do Berryville, May 8, 1855-3m.

NOTICE.

Norder that my Terms for Tuition may be distinctly understood, I beg to announce that they will be, per quarter of eleven weeks, as follows:

For Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic and English Grammar.... \$ \$6.25

WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION of Philadelphia, in view of the awful destruction of human life and health, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions which are practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, have directed their consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all persons thus afflicted, (Male or Female,) who apply by letter, (post-paid,) with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institu-"Geography, History, Composition and Algebra, with the foregoing. \$7 50

"Additional English Branches, each. \$1 50

"French, Italian, Latin, (3 days in \$3 00 vided; in the meantime pupils will be attended a

their own homes.

No Pupil shall have more than three English
Studies at one time, besides Reading, Writing and
C. HOGAN. Spelling. Charlestown, April 17, 1855. MARTINSBURG ACADEMY, Vivit et Viget.
C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, PRINCIPAL.

to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endowment, for the relief
of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent
and Epidemic diseeses," and its funds can be used
for noother purpose. It has now a surplus of means,
which the Directors have voted to advertise the above
notice. It is needless to add that the Association
commands the highest Medical skill of the age.

Address, (post-paid,) Dr. GEO. R. CALHOUN;
Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, Philadel-THE friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its duties will be resumed on Monday the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col. P. C. PENDLETON, President of Board of Trustees.

July 4, 1854—if Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors,
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.

REMOVAL. LAWSON BOTTS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street.

[July 18, 1854.—tf

CHARLES B. HARDING,
Attorney at Law,
WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. 1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. Senfember 98 1859 SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their
liberal patronage, during the time he has been with
them. And having permanently located himself in
West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal
share of the patronage of that place, and the surround
ing Community.

ing Community.

Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth i serted—citier on pivots or gold plates, can have done in the most modern and scientific manner.

J. S. AULABAUGH. Sept. 20, 1853.

DR'S. CORDELL and BLACKBURN heve entered into a Co-Partnership in the PRACTICE OF MEDI CINE and will be ready to attend all professional calls, night and day.

The undersigned takes this occasion to say that he intends in future to give his undivided attention to the practice of Medicine as above stated.

Jan. 2, 1855—tf. F.P. R. S. BLACKBURN.

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it. May 9, 1854. DR. J. D. HUDSPETH having located in the town of Bolivark, offers his.

Professional Services
to the people of the town and neighborhood. When not professionally engaged he can be found opposite the Bolivar Hotel. [May 8, 1655.]

DR. G. H. PEIRCE,

DENTIST.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA.

(OFFICE AT SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL.)

Charlestown, May 22, 1855

TR AVELLING TRUNKS, Hand Trunks, T and Carpet Bags, for sale by CRAMER & HAWKS. CHEESE AND MACCARONI, for sale by Freb. 20. from my eyes, and I thank you for it. If you could be presented to me to-night, a stranger

Then from his mansion in the sud She call'd her eagle bearer down, And gave into his mighty hand, The symbol of her chosen land. Majestic monarch of the cloud, ,

Who rear'st aloft thy regal form, To hear the tempest trumpings loud And see the lightning lances driven, When strive the warriors of the storm, And rolls the thunder-drum of heaven, Child of the sun l to thee 'tis given To guard the banner of the free, To hover in the sulphur smoke, To ward away the battle-stroke, And bid its blendings sh ne afar, Like rainbows on the cloud of war, The harbingers of victory!

Flag of the brave! thy folds shall fly; Flag of the brave! thy folds shall fly,

The sign of hope and triumph high,
When speaks the signal trumpet tone,
And the long line comes gleaming on.
Era yet, the life-blood, warm and wet,
Has dinim!'d, this glisteaing bayonet,
Each soldier gye shall brightly turn
To where thy sky-born glories burn;
And as his springing steps edvance,
Catch war and vengeance from the glance.
And when the cannon-mouthings loud
Heave in wild wreathes the battle-shroud,
And gory sabres rise and full

And gory sabres rise and fall
Like shoots of flame on midnight's pall Then shall thy meteor glances glow, And cowering foes shall sink beneath Each gallant arm that strikes below That lovely messenger of death. 

When death, careering on the gale, Sweeps darkly round the bellied sail, And friguled waves rush wildly back
Refore the broadside's reeling rack
Each dying wanderer of the set ....
Shall look at once to heaven and thee, And smile to see thy spiendours fly. In triumph o'er his closing eye.

Flag of the free heart's hope and home!
By angel hands to valor given! The stars have lit the welkin dome. And all thy hues were born in heaven. Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us, With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us?

### Miscellaneous.

bast Interview of a Husband with a Wife The following is an extract from Nelly Brackan, a tale of forty years ago, by Mrs. Annie Chambers Bradford, of Kentucky. It is an account of the last interview of a husband with his wife, whom he had driven from him by a career of unmitigated cru-

The lights in the chandelier were burning dimly when she entered the room. The stranger stood beneath them, so that she could not see his face. She advanced towards him and said, in a dignified tone.

'What is your pleasure, sir.' Robert Blackburn turned, and exclaiming 'Nelly! dear Nelly!' would have caught her in his arms, but she recoiled from him and with one hand pressed against her forehead, while with the other she waved him from her, she gazed with wild fiery look into his face.

He knelt before her. 'See I am at your feet, Nelly Oh! will you not let me love you again?" 'Arise,' she said, mournfully but firmly,-'I had hoped, oh! so devoutly, that I might never see you again! But since you have come, I must say to you what I feel, so that

this interview may be the last.' He arose and stood before her. 'I left my peaceful home, 'she continued when but a child, and went with you to yours I gave a heart full of devotion to you and your family, and a life whose every act was one of service and self-sacrifice; and I received in return, coldness and contempt, and contumely from them, and severity and neglect from you. But even after they had cast me off, I clung to you, and was willing to do and bear anything for the occasional kind words

you gave me.' . You remember the rest. You know how I went to you from all I knew and loved, and was denied and spurned; and when I crept to your feet, and, clasping your knees, begged you to let me stay, if only as your servant, for the sake of the child I had borne you, you taunted me with having no pride; and worst of all, told me you had never loved me, citing as proof, the indifference with which

you permitted your family to insult and vil-"But Nelly, that was done through a hard and impenitent spirit; Oh! can you not forgive and receive me again ? 1

'Forgive, !' she said, and her voice trembled, but she struggled and forced back the tears that gushed up to her eyes. 'I forgave you even while you thrust me from you; but when you averred to Col. Pontolba, and all around you, that you did not know me, and called God to witness the truth of what you said—and then, when they left your foom, and you threatened that if I did not go from Natchez you would take my boy from me and have me imprisoned as insane, every vestige of love died out of my heart, and I fled from one whom I trusted the Arch-fiend himself

had been on my track. 'Where did you go, Nelly?' he asked for he had become so interested in her narrative lie seemed to have forgotten he had caused

the misery of which she spoke.
'Where did I go?' she said. 'It matters not to you. I have lived honorably, if obscurely. But, until a year ago, I have never lost sight of you; and if you had ever striven Look to the terms in which they express the women bear their misfortunes, she bore hers. by one act to redeem the past, I might receive ground of their everlasting hopes: Although, you differently how. After casting me off, frem previously knowing the character of their of cheerfulness only came from her lips as the however; you went to your old home, and minds, you, of course, conceive thoughts of a tears coursed down her cheeks. To her inyour wife and child, and your own incurable although at times there may be corruscations

'But my boy-our boy; Nelly-where is | undying light within, yet substantially they

Do not, she said wildly, do not speak of my child. It is enough that he is dead, and beyond the reach of human thisery. Dead ! Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinand the tears rained over her face. 'Oh my child!' she sobbed, 'my beautiful, starved, patient, lamb! If I might only be one of the dead leaves that fall on your grave, and moulder into its holy dust! Do not tell me Delegate Pleabhour, that were level my child. Robert Blackburn, that you loved my child:
If you had ever loved him you could not have east him off, nor have been so cruel to the mother who bore him, whose brightest pride was to teach him to lisp your name accumen, and illustrated, with matchless elected to the mother who bore him, whose brightest pride was to teach him to lisp your name. est pride was to teach him to hisp your name and pray for you at her knee, while you were disregarding every vow in the pursuit of something you yourself could not define. But I cannot say that I regret your perfety. You won me before I knew the necessities of my own mature. When I became a woman, I was a wife already; and when the deep, strong voices of my spirit sent forth their inquiries and hopes, they found no echop, but died away into darkness and silence, leaving the chambers of my heart so desolate, I shuddered at the void within me, though I did not know its cause. But you have taken the scales from my eyes, and I thank you for it. If you could be presented to me to-night, a stranger

who were the Late to did not of allegar full

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Less than ever, then, can I love you now, for I have memory to good me. If you had never wronged me, my life would have passed in tranquility, and I might never have known the depths and intensity of my nature. There is that within me which had never been vivified when you took me to your bosom; and though I may be overwhelmed at times with misery at the knowledge of it, I do not regret that I have learned to know myself. Henceforth, oh God of love and Truth? by thine anering aid will I walk steadily in my own anerring aid will I walk steadily in my own soul's peaceful pathways, nor strive to keep

of a false and most wretched life!'

deem, if I could, the wrongs I have done .-

'Yes,' she replied, motirnfully, I remember you told me in Natchez that you prized everything more in the pursuit than in the possession, and that you would soon tire of heaven

You are so implacable, Nelly—can you not

forgive?

I have told you, you were forgiven, even while inflicting these death wounds. But how dare I forget—how dare I return to a condition wherein to all human reason I would be subjected to the same trials again? You ask more than I can grant. Let me say farther, I believe you deceive yourself as regards your own feelings towards inc. If you had ever loved me, you could not liave forsaken the pure light of my affection for the wicked smiles of wanton, nor liave suffered any infatuation, however powerful, to drive into begga-ry and the grave those whom you have vowed to love and protect. True love is omnipotent, like the Daity; and may never be overcome, even by death itself. Arise, Robert, I have done, and the night is waning.'
'Will you not bless me, Nelly, before I go

how can I go forth again into the world, so utterly

'How have-but no matter.' 'Bless me, then Nelly,' he entreated, as he lifted his turbulent features to her calm, moninful face.

She laid her thin hands on his head, and breathed a brief, inaudible prayer. Then saying aloud, " have ever, ever blessed you,' she turned to leave the

'Will you not kiss me Nelly?' lie implored: 'It is the last time I will ever ask it.'

She pressed lier trembling lips to his forehead, and went from the drawing-room. Her light step kept its even fall intil sliereached her room. She waited on ilie threshold until slie heard the lieavy street door close after him, and then falling across the bed, her pent-up anguish was set free, and she shook as if in

'Oh God!' she said, as she arose diid knell beside the bed. "Thou who didst reveal to the banished Hagar and perishing thild the fresh, glad water in the wilderness-Thou who didst send Thine Anointed to bring to life the dead boy of the Shunamite, what is my sin, that Thou hidest Thyself from me My God, my God! why hast Thou forsaken nie ? and with a deep, half-shrieking moan, she fell to the

The Substance of the Gospel.

What a happy thing it is that the Gospel comes into so little compass! Often have I felt this when visiting the sick and the dying. When I have found the mind incapable of vigorous, expansive, or continous thought, how thankful have I been that the Gospel is so short and so simple; that the elementary truths which give peace to the conscience and hope to the heart, can be stated in so few words! There is divine wisdom and divine kindness in this. There are short sentences which contain essentially all that a sinner needs to know, to give him a sense of pardon and confidence towards God. "The wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life, through Jesus Christ, our Lord," "This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners, even the chief." "This is the record, that God hath given to us eternal life; and this life is in his Son. He that bath the Son of God hath life." These, and others of a like description, are precious sentences. They are what the "dving man of God," Dr. McAll, so emphatically denominated the core, the very core, of the Gospel: Connected with this is the striking fact that; in the hour which is sure and common to all—the hour of nature's last conflict and most pressing exigency; the hour when the mind is shut up to one point, and that point reace with God and hope for eternity-that in that hour all minds come to be so much on a level in regard to what imparts their confidence. It is the same truth, in all hurt.' its simplicity, that gives it to the greatest, as well as to the least, and to the least as well as to the greatest. It is most instructive and interesting to see how minds of the largest grasp and mighiest power, when they come to this hour of trial and of final decision, when pass-ing through the valley of the shadow of death, anticipating eternity, and conflicting; single harded, with the last enemy, have recourse to the same simple elements of divine truth that | bler sat down by the side of the wounded are the springs of peace to the very weakest of the "babes in Christ." I have been struck with this in the biographies of some of the

most distinguished of our modern divines .of brilliant sentiment emitted, that indicate the are the tery same in which "poor Joseph" ex-pressed the ground of his: "It is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that

you are not the person to whom I could give the deep love I am capable of feeling, for there is nothing harmonious between us.—
Less than ever, then, can I love you now, for Bella Union, Verandah, Mine de Oro, El Dotaken place within those saloous that chilled the blood of the beholders, and is remembered, with horror.

I was once carelessly sauntering through one of these places. My attention was attracted towards a person who had large piles of mold before him the stating are helf.

the dusty high road a misdirected Destiny, gold before him; the starting eyeballs, the wherein I so long panted beneath the hot sun swollen veins upon his forehead, the cold sweat on his face and clenched hands, told of She stood for a moment silent, while Rob-ert Blackburn watched her features with a leavy losses; mingled exclamations of horror and contempt would escape him, and he seembewildered look.

'Oh Nelly!' he sobbed, and again frielt at her feet. 'You told me in Natchez that remorse would come. I have wandered hitler | and in this case his last dollar was put within and thither for the whole past year, seeking the dealer's bank, when, with the frenzy of a you everywhere, with the fullest purpose to remaniac, he drew a long dirk-knife and plunged it up to the hilt in his own body, and sank And now that I have found you—oh, I cannot give you up, and it seems you grow dearer to me the more I am convinced you do not love the game went on as though nothing had happened—as though another victim had not been added to the page of the gambler's damning record, or another soul had not gone to its fi-

nal account! I learned this much of his history; he started with a large stock of goods, given him by his father to sell on commission, and the father's fortune depended upon a sure return of the money invested; but as usual with young men, he in the full liberty of unbridled license, and while the ship stopped at one of the South American ports, he engendered the first seeds of 'play.' but for awhile after his first seeds of 'play;' but for awhile after his arrival the excitement of trade and the energy

him through the right breast.

. From Vermont.

man replied-

'Montpelier.'

rents resided, if he had any. The wounded

and perhaps the wounded man might have

been his playmate in childhood-perhaps a

schoolmate-knew his parents, his brother

and sister. He clung convulsively to the ta-

ble with the contending emotions of rapid thought, and the weight of the injury he had

inflicted, he could scarcely keep on his feet.

A stimulant was given to the wounded man,

and he was momentarily relieved from that

weakness the body is subject to after a severe

wound-when the doctor inquired if there

was any friend in the city he wished sent

'Yes,' he replied; 'My wife-she is at the

City Hotel, coffiel of Clay and Kearney

streets. Tell her to hasten, for I am badly

Doctor,' said the gambler, 'save that man's

The doctor felt the pulse of the man and

probed the wound anew. The gambler watch-

ed him with the greatest anxiety until his iff-

spection was finished, when the doctor shook

his head in token of impossibility. The gam-

staunched the flow of blood from the wound

life, and there is my bank, and \$10,000 in

A man was sent to bring his wife.

Burgoynes-you shall have it all.'

which was readily granted.

try's ensign-and that won for me a name

among men-when not one comrade was left to tell of the deeds in the battle, I escaped un-

not die—he is my brother?

Hastily procuring a large blanket, he wrap-ped himself up in it and threw himself on a necessary to accomplish a successful issue kept his mind busy. One day, by appointment, he was to meet a mercantile friend at his sofa near by.
'Why, good gracious! Mr. Turner, are you sick?' usked Mrs. Dobbs, as she saw his pohouse, and while waiting for his friend, he staked a few dollars upon the turning cards, when the latent disease sprung into life, and 'Ch, dreadfully!' grouned the imaginary it carried him headlong over the precipice, invalid.

What's the matter? and ended in the tragic manner related. 'Oh, a great many things. First and fore-most I've got a congestion of the brain.
'That's dreadful,' sighed Mrs. Dobbs. 'I The Mine de Oro was a gambling house situated on Washington street, opposite the El Dorado, and in '49 it was the principal resort of the disbanded soldiers of the California recame pretty near dying of it ten years come next spring. What else? giment, and also of the soldiers who had been 'Dropsy,' again groaned Bob. engaged in the war with Mexico. Behind 'There I can sympathize with you. I was troubled with it, but finally got over it.' one of the largest monte banks in the room sat a man who had won for himself honorable 'Neuralgia,' continued Bob. mention, and an officer's commission was giv-'Nobody can tell, Mr. Turner what I've en him for his bravery at the storming of Monterey; but, preferring the climate of Cal-

suffered from neuralgia. It's an awful comifornia and its golden prospects to a northern home, he embarked for that country at the 'Then, again, I am very much distressed by inflamation of the bowels.' close of the war with Mexico, and upon his arrival he opened a bank for gambling. The 'If you've got that I pity you,' commented

BOOK AND JOB- PRINTING

OF BYERY DESCRIPTION:

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS,

(1) A supply of Magistrate's, Sheriff's, and Con-stable's BLANKS—Deeds of Bargam, and Sala and Deeds of Taust—Negotiable and Paoni-sory NOTES, &c., &c., always on hand.

And the gambler sank down in a swoon

upon the floor. The wounded man raised him-aelf upon his elbow; his glassy eyes wander-ed about the room as if in search of some par-

'Mary,' said he, 'is brother William here? I—' and the word choaked in his throat, the gurgling blood stopped his interance, and he sank back a corpse on his pillow. The wife knelt again, but it was beside a dead body, and invoked the mercy of God upon his sout,

The gambler awoke from his swoon, and

Before the woman could reply or any one interfere, the report of that pistol sounded again, and the Tratricide had ceased to live.

graves a few years ago, enclosed with a white fence, and one tombstone stood at their head with the simple inscription—'Brothers.'

The Sympathizing Woman. The Georgia Citizen publishes the following insinuation. We leave it for the reader to

judge of the probability of its truth:

If we were called upon to describe Mrs.

Dobbs, we should, without hesitation, call her

a sympathizing woman. Nobody was troubled with any malady she hadn't suffered.—
'She knew all about it by experience, and could sympathize with them from the bottom

Bob Turner was a wag, and when one day

he saw Mrs. Dobbs coming along the road towards his house, he knew that in the absence of his wife, he should be called upon to

entertain her, he resolved to play a little

on the good woman's abundant store of sym-

On the hill near Rincon Point were two

Golden Era.

and forgiveness for the murderer.

not tell how we died !'

of her heart.'

Mrs. Dobbs; 'for three years steady, I was af-flicted with it, and I don't think I've fully reemigrants canie in by thousands, and a few nights after his arrival, a roting man entered this salton, seated himself at the bank, and covered vet.' 'Rheumatism,' added Bob. staked various sums upon the cards, until he

liad lost hearly till the money he possessed. Excited will the play, and maddened by his losses, he accused the dealer of cheating; 'Yes, that's pretty likely to go along with neuralgia. It did with me.' 'Toothache,' suggested Bob. the dealer refilied sharply to the accusation-There have been times Mr. Turber,' said the sympathizing woman, 'when I thought the lie passed, when the young man struck I should have gone distracted with the tooththe dealer a severe blow upon his face; as

quick as thought the sharp report of a pistol followed; and the gambler's clothing was covered with the young than's blood—he had shot 'Then,' said Bob, who having temporarily raff out of his stock of medical terms, resorted that I've got the tethyasaus us.' The room was soon cleared of the spectators

to a scientific name. 'I'm very much afraid 'Shouldn't be at all surprised,' said the ever-ready Mrs. Dobbs; I had it when I was present; the doors closed, and medical attendance called in aid of the wounded man. The

gambler sat incodily over his bank, running the small monte cards through his fingers, and Though it was with great difficulty that he perhaps thinking of the deed just perpetrated, when the wounded man gave a moan of agcould resist laughing, Bob continued: 'I am suffering a good deal from a sprained

ony, as the doctor's probe reached the bottom of his wouldd. The doctor inquired what 'Then you can sympathize with me. I sprained mine when I was coming along! -State he was from, and the wounded man re-But that isn't the worst of it."

'What is it?' asked Mrs. Dobbs with curi-The gambler raised his head, for it had 'I wouldn't tell any one but you, Mrs. been a long time since he had seen a person from the home of his childhood, and Vermont Dobbs, but the fact is' -here Bob groanedbeing his native State, the mere mention of 'I'm afraid, and the doctor agrees with ine; that my reason is affected—that in short, I'm its name interested him. The doctor next inquired the name of the place where his paa little crazy!

Bob took breath and wondered what Mrs Dobbs would say to that. 'Oh, Mr. Turner, is it possible,' exclaimed The gambler sprang to his feet, his limbs trembled, and his face as pale as death, for Montpelier was the home of his youth, the lady. 'It's horrible! I know it is; I frequently have spells of being out of my head myself!

Receipt for Making Beer. Take one pint of corn and boil it until it is a little soft, add to it one pint of molasses and one gallon of water; shake them well togeth-er, and set it by the fire, and in twenty-four hours the beer will be excellent. When all the beer in the jug is used, put in more molasses and water. The same corn will answer for six months, and the beer will be fit for use in twelve hours, by keeping the jug which contains it warm. In this way the whole ingredients used in making a gallon of beer will not cost over four cents, and it is better and more wholesome than cider. - Muine Farmer.

Ornamental Evergreen Hedges. Judging from its being so rarely seen, it would appear not to be generally known, that the common hemlock, Abies Canadensis, ans wers admirably for hedging purposes, bears trimming well, and is, we think altogether unrivalled among evergreens for this purpose It may be planted either in double or single rows, about ten or twelve inches apart, the latter being preferable, more easily cultivated; and kept clean in its early growth.

CASTING A BRONZE STATUE OF

man and bathed his head with water, and On Thursday afternoon, the experiment of casting was made at Mr. Habard's foundry, and although the matter was kept, as he thought quiet, before the hour had arrived for tapping the furnace, Smith's hand made their appearance, at once producing a sensation. until the arrival of his wife; she came, accompanied by a few friends, and as heroic had arrived for tapping the jurnace, Smith's hand made their appearance, at once producing a sensation of enthusiasm among the workmen. Hardly had these been seated, when the stirring sound of drum and fife were heard, and Capt. Richardson with a squad of artillerymen, and a gun, drew up before the works, and were received and welcomed with good cheer.

At half-past three, the metal having been tested, the doors were closed on all except Mr. Hubard and the workmen, those present awaiting outside a signal; in ten minutes the doors were thrown open, and there arose one loud burst of voices from within of "huzza for Washington!" which was soon answered by Capt. Richardson with five guns.

At the announcement all rushed to witness the result, and to secure each for himself a piece of the metal as a memento of the occasion. Capt. Richardson received a piece for a plate for the Armory of the Arbillery. The Mayor of the city, who had arrived, together with numbers of citizens at the bombing of the guns, now rejuiced with those rejoicing. At half-past five a gun was fired, and the Mayor announced "one gim to Hubard, the artist," followed by a strain from Smith's band, a second gun was fired "to Gintherman, the indomitable worker," and a third "to the workmen."

A little after six o'clock, the company separated from those who labored, to give them that rest and repose which they had not enjoyed for a moment for forty odd hours. May their labors be rewarded, and the highest hopes of the statue realized.

This scene we shall long remember, and love to remember as a bright omen of Virginia; we shall honor. Hubard, and glory in the thought—had the first bronze statute ever made of Washington, was cast in the Matropolis of his radice State.—Richmond Enquires. covery, the doctor assured her that there was no hope; that the wound was mortal; and that in a few hours he would die. She sank down upon her knees and invoked the inercy of a forgiving God for her dying husband and his murderer. The gambler asked the forgiveness of the wounded man for the wrong he had committed, and also that of the wife. 'This,' said he, 'is for not obeying the sacred injunction of my aged father and mother not to gamble. I have faced death a thou-sand times, and still I have escaped; the balls of an enemy have whistled past my ears as thick as hailstones, and the bursting bombs have exploded at my feet; still I have lived —O God! and for this! High above the red tide of the battle I have carried my coun-

scathed. Why was I not killed like the rest?
All that was proud and pleasing to men, I have had; and if I could recall this last act by fiving upon carriou, sleeping in a pauper's grave, and renouncing every proud act of my life, I would do it. I was born in the same Another Remedy for the Corn Grub! A writer in the Michigan Farmer says, that ake a round stick, two inches in diameter, point take a round stick, two inches in diameter, pointed and with it make from two to four holes about each hill of corn, he found to be commpletely successful in catching, the grab. In moving about the hill they fall into the holes, from which they can neither emerge or penetrate into the ground, but are left to perish which they do in twenty-four hours. By this mode his corn was saved from harin, while his neighbor's, just over the fence, was hadly injured.—Also, such of his own corn, where the grabs were not thus trapped, suffered greatly. village with that man; we have been class-mates together at the same school; received instructions by the same aged man; we were beneath the same roof, and O God! He must

In the course of a few days, one of the editors will start on a collecting expedition, and it is his intention to visit, and pay his special respects to those who are in arrears and those who desire to pay in edvance. Let no man who is indebted suppose tor an instant that he will be neglected, for we can ascare you that the urgency of the case demands, that we collect from all. We would advise those who are indebted, to place the amount in the corner of their vest pockets, and carry it with them to the fields and to their places of labor, and we will carry a pen and ink, so that there will be no time lost, going after money or writing materials.

Decapitation. It is really amusing, in looking over our exchanges. to see with what severity and abuse, the adminis tration is handled by the opposition, because in the exercise of powers clearly granted, a few Clerks and Postmasters have been dismissed from office, and others equally competent appointed in their stead .-One might suppose from these indignant demonstrations by the other party, that really a grievous ein had been committed; that the President of the United States, and other public functionaries, with the full knowledge of their baseness, were deliberately over-stepping a line of duty clearly marked out in the charter from which their authority to act is derived, and which distinctly defines the duties and responsibilities of each officer of the Government. But such is not the case. The President has a right to appoint his political friends to office; as in the formation of his Cabinet he selects men whose views on subjects of national policy will accord with his own, so of the minor offices in his gift, he may call around him those, who, in the details of Government, would reflect the views of the Administration. Is it not fair? is it not just that men who have toiled through an arduous campaign, expended money, and exhausted their energies in defence of the principles of their party, should be rewarded for their devotion and sacrifices' Certainly the equity of such a proceeding cannot be

in the country? Are they not parties to an ar rangement for the proscription of Foreigners and Catholics, on account of their opinions? Does not # "religious test" prevent the political preferment of a large denomination of christians, and "accident of birth" entirely preclude the advancement of those, citizens of our country, who in the providence o God first saw the light of the sun in a distant land? They have no ground for complaint, and when the President removes from office, men whose views not only conflict with his, but in his opinion, strike at the fundamental principles of the Constitution and tend to the subversion of great principles here-

enestioned: the man who has been elevated to the

highest office in the gift of the people, feels bound

in the distribution of the patronage of the Govern-

ment, to discriminate in favor of those, whose united

efforts and support have placed him in his high po-

sition. Can Know-Nothing incumbents complain of

proscriptive processes being served up on them, when

they have taken a solemn obligation to carry out

tofore acknowledged to be right, and always acted upon, he will stand justified before the country and bls own conscience. But this holy horror comes with had grace from a party which, under another name, has invariably (when in power) repudiated the doctrine which they now so zealously approve and defend. In 1840 the Whig party went into the canvass with the popular ery of "no proscription for opinion sake," and to proscribe proscription was one of the great benefits to proceed from their clevation to power, and reta Immediately after the inauguration of General Har-

rison, this darling doctrine, which was so illustrative of the disinterested patriotism of the whig party, was changed to one of more practical application: and " To the victors belong the spoils" was substituted, as the loaves and fishes loomed up before the hungry cormorants, whose mouths watered and eyes brightened, at a feast so munificent and bounteous. Again in 1848 their candidate for the Presidency was one who "had no friends to reward, and no eneenies to punish." That was indeed a glorious prospect, the millenial dawn would soon break upon a waiting people, when the "Lion and the Lamb would lie down together," and friend and foe sitting At one common table, would break the bread of fraternal love, and receive from the hand of the master of ceremonies an equal distribution of his bounty, but their professions were empty and falsified by the result, for General Taylor had scarcely taken the executive chair, before the guillotine was in full operation, and during his short term, nearly four thousand victims fell by the hands of this exterminating General, The Democratic party have not made professions of hospitality to their enemies they have always gone into the contest upon great issues, in which the whole country was interested without making promises to any, but they have been magnanimous and we have no doubt that at this moment there are a greater number of oppostion incombents in office than have enjoyed the fatness of the public crib under any past administration. If removals are made, let those who suffer, refer to the numerous precedents in the past, and say Amen to the righteonsness of the deed,

Sabbath School Celebration.

The Sunday School attached to the Methodist Episcopal Church, had their celebration at the Fair Ground on Wednesday last, and everything passed off well, no accident occuring to mar the pleasure of the day. There was a full turn out of Boys and Misses and a general attendance of teachers, who used every to effort promote the comfort and enjoyment of all present.

The Declaration of Independence was read at the Church, before proceeding to the Fair Ground, by JOHN R. CONKLYN, who acquitted himself very handsomely, after which the Rev. Mr. ARMSTRONG deliveran address suited to the occasion, and filled with incentives to patriotism and loyalty to truth and

At a good hour they all returned to their homes, tired in body but doubtless refreshed and improved in mind by the social influences around them, and the good advice and kind admonitions of the

President of the Valley Bank. Esq., has resigned the office of President of the Valley Bank, located in this town. He has filled the position with great honor to himself, and service to the stockholders and the community at large, for 37 years, having been appointed when the Bank was first organized, in 1818. He leaves the institution not only in a safe and sound condition, but with the regret of all connected with it, that circumstances should have rendered necessary the severance of ties which have so long and pleasantly existed. May be

a "a file well spent," in the public service. ANDREW KENNEDY, Esq., was unanimously chosen by the Directors on Friday last, to fill the office vaeated by Mr. GRIGGS. Mr. KENNEDY will make a most capital officer, having had long experience as a Director at the Board, of extensive acquaintance and high financial qualifications. Under his direction, thre can be no doubt the Bank will continue to hold that confidence which has been heretofore exended to it, above and beyond that of any other in

05 ANDREW KENNEDY, Esq., has been apnted President of the Board of Directors of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia at Charlestown to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation

The Bank of the Valley has declared the hand-some semi-annual dividend of 51 per cent— paya-ble to the stockholders; and the Bank of Winchestor a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

The Harrisburg Keystone has placed, the name 600. M. Dallas at the head of its columns as a date for the Presidency.

Parties. There are now three parties in the country. One of them has existed since the great struggle between Federalism and Republicanism, since the contest bedistributive power. This party is the Democratic. party. It sprang up amid the convulsions attendant. on the breaking up of an inefficient organization of government and the forming of a new one. Prominent among those to whom was confided the responsible and difficult task of changing the articles of confederation into a constitutional form of government, were the defenders and advocates of the principles, which form the basis of the Democratic party, and fortunately for the lovers of free institutions. they were enabled to embody in the great instrument of consolidation, the living faith, for which they so carnestly struggled, and which to-day is our coveted

The other parties are the offsprings of a short lived party, which was begotten by the Whig party, which was begotten by the old Federal party. No man today is willing to acknowledge that he is a Federalist. That organization in name is defunct, but we must not suppose that because the name is numbered among the things that are not, that there does not exist any who advocate the principles of the consolidationists. We are surrounded by them; we meet advocates of the "alien" law at every turn, and scorners of distributive power at every corner. They have only assumed a new name. All the rancor, all the inveterate hatred, all the longings and thirstings which rankled in the breasts of the defeated of 1801, are still nursed and kept warm in the bosoms of men, who have thrown a new cloak over the aged and much crippled limbs of Federalism, and they are ready at the first favorable opportunity to empty the vials of their wrath on the conservative party of this country. Have we not cause to fear that they will

soon have an opportunity.

The party which was begotten by the Whig party is split in twain; the organization is dismembered, and sectionally too. The Northern portion of this party is nothing more nor less than abolition. The petty political faction which drew its first breath about the year 1835, and which had not a sufficiency of numbers or talent, to command either respect or notice, is now a mammoth organization greatly to be feared. Its great strength has been gained within the last two years, and we are naturally inclined to enquire of the causes which have produced this rapid growth. We desire to deal justly in our remarks, and we have no intention to reflect discredit upon any class of men who regret the prominency of this abolition party as much as we do.

After the campaign of 1852 this faction was the merest minority imaginable. Not only destitute of numerical strength, but so depraved and so deeply sunk in the mire of moral degradation were the leaders of it, that there was not even the shadow of respect paid to it. We had congratulated ourselves on the utter discomfiture, and, as we thought, complete annihilation of this miserable fanatical organization. and had hoped that its days on earth were number-What must be the astonishment of all to find that in two years it stands forth in ten, nay an hundred fold strength; a giant, neither shorn of its hair or robbed of its eyes, threatening to pull down the pillars of government on the heads of those who are vorshiping in the temple of liberty. We must not deceive ourselves, it is too late to hug assurances. which are fallacies :- the abolition party is a power-

As Democrats we have the consolation of knowing that it was not through our instrumentality, or our efforts, or organization, that fanaticism gained strength. We did not assist in infusing life and vigor, and vitality into its torpid, almost inanimate body. We had no co-operation with it and we did not hall its success with acclaims. These are no sins of ours. We sorrowed at the triumphs it obtained, for we knew it was crushing the only constitutional party in the North; we mourned over its victories, for we were aware, that although it had wrapt itself in a specious guise, and had added new tenets to its faith, and promulgated a fictitious creed, that it was practising foul duplicity, and desired only power to carry out the great ulterior object of its aims. So we warned our brethren of the South. But our "bewares " and our " warnings " were lost to their ears. When the Know-Nothing party North succeeded in electing almost the entire delegations from the several States, we asserted that they, the Representatives, were anti-slavery-they were the enemies of the South, but our good friends here, who were united in a National organization with this party, denied the truthfulness of cur assertions, and endeavored to convince the people of Virginia that Know-Nothing-

in its aims and tendencies. What has the sequel proven? Have the defenders of this Northern party been sustained in their defence? Do not their cheeks burn with unutterable shame, when they think for a moment that they attempted to shield from merited expesition a party, that was stinking with foulness and hideous with leprous spots? Do not those who exulted at the successes, now sorrow that they ever learned to smile, and mourn that their tongues did not refuse to give utterance to their acclamations and

ism North, was purely constitutional and National

We cannot possibly believe that a majority of the Northern people are abolitionized. We think there is virtue enough in the parties to save the confederacy from threatened danger, and, if an opportunity offered, to turn back the wild tide of delirious infatuation. But we fear that the virtue will not have an opportunity to act.

In the campaign of 1856 there will most undoubtedly be three prominent nominations made for the Presidency. The Democratic, the Northern and Southern Know-Nothing. If it should so happen that neither of the candidates received a majority of the votes in the electoral college, and the election of the President thrown into the House of Representatives, what would be the result? The vote is then cast by States. The State of Pennsylvania casts 26 votes. Now suppose that in balloting as a State it is found that 14 are in favor of one man, and 12 for another. The vote is not cast according to the individual sentiment of the respective members, but it is cast as a majority declare. Well is it not an undeniable fact, not only as regards Pennsylvania, but every other Northern State, that a majority of their delegation in Congress are Free Soil and Abolition? Are we not forced to the conclusion, that if the election of President be thrown into the House of Representatives, that person will be chosen who is most thoroughly opposed to slavery, and who favors the peculiar views of the Northern sectionalists. In a contest between Mr. WISE, M. FILLMORE, and Mr. SEW-ARD, which would be most apt to receive a majority in the next Congress? W. H. SEWARD most undoubt-

chargeable with his election. Now a question arises which we think is very easily answered. Does any man suppose that if the old Whig organization still existed, and in the strength in which it did three year ago, that there would have been a majority of the members of the free States abolitionists? Was it ever so before? If it never has been, from what premises can the conclusion be drawn that it would be so now? It is beyond a doubt to any reflecting, reasonable mind, ity, representing the true sentiment of the honest | Mr. ROADES, of Baltimore, the enterprising agent

edly. If such should be the case who would be

mass of our Northern brethren. We do not claim for our party entire purification; the machine perfectly, and he soon prepared them but we assert fearlessly that those Democrats who I to do the very best work. We believe all in this forsook the faith and turned to Know-Nothingism. neighborhood are in full operation. are no longer a part us. Be they ever so good Democrats in regard to all the other principles of the party, if they have attempted to engraft upon | give the utmost satisfaction. A gentleman who purtheir creed any of the false doctrines, which have long live to enjoy the consolations and comforts of gained lamentable prevalence, they are not of the household of faith, and cannot receive, much less are they entitled to the confidence and regard of our party. A few of them have, assisted in elevating men to station who are advocates of principles at the Saloon of Mr. J. F. Blessing. The evening which are in deadly hostility with the doctrines of was spent in the most happy manner-everything the Democratic party, and therefore they have placed | passing off in old fashioned style. The Society has themselves in open warfare. We held them, and the been very prosperous, and makes promise of a long Democracy throughout the Union, in every section life and much usefulness. We sincerely hope that holds them, as they do all others who are not for' our young friends composing it, will have as good | the course of the Post Master General, under all the them-enemies. While a small portion of the party | cheer through life as they had on the evening of the circumstances of the case. Who, we would ask, North have forsaken their brethren, the heart of the 4th. A detailed account of the proceedings will be who are these 49 that are made to affirm the oppogreat mass of the party beats true to the orthodox given in our next.

> faith and the Constit The Democracy as a party are not chargeable with the success of Abolition. On the contrary it was the only organization which resisted the pretensions of the mad-men. We assert and challenge contradic tion that the Know Nothing party is chargeable with the prominency of abolition, and if the election be thrown into the House of Representatives, and an abolitionist is elected to the Presidency, they, the Know-Nothings, must be responsible for his election .... The Jackson (Miss.) Union announces the

death of Judge Guiou.

- The Cholera has broken out Maysville, Ky. nd six deaths occurred in 12 hours.

Mrs. Pierce, which is quite delicate.

ard, and water which never fails.

The 4th at Harpers-Ferry. To the Public. The celebration at Harpers-Ferry was one long to It has been a question whether notice should be

embered by the thousands who participated iken of a paper published in the Winchester Rein the festivities. At an early hour, crowds wer iblican of the last issue, in regard to the removal pouring in from all quarters, in carriages, and on of H. P. Evans from the Post Office at White Post, horseback, while the humble pedestrian made his igned by forty-nine names or individuals. Upon pilgrimage also to the spot, to join in the general ubilee. By 11 o'clock, the streets were filled with Office Department-from the liberty taken with the an impatient multitude, waiting for the excursionists names of many persons attached to the publication to arrive from Baltimore and Washington. At 12 -from an abuse of the merits of the removal, and o'clock, the shrill whistle in the distance announced from the falsity and mis-statements contained in the the approach of the extra train, which in a few moments arrived, decorated with flags and flowers .- | publication, it is thought proper that the public should know the truth. and crowded with passengers from the cities. A The abstract proposition of the removal of a man procession was then formed, the Military on the right, consisting of the Independent Greys, Blues and State Guards-pext the Sarah Zane Fire Company, of Winchester, their Engine being in the line, decorated with flowers; then followed the citizens gene-

which was responded to by Capt Brush

State Guard and Citizen Visitors-

anniversary celebration.

as we know each other better.

nent associations, connected with the hour.

too weak and feeble for a work like this.

barrier be the ocean's everlasting wave."

are deducible from your celebration of the Anniver-

sary of Freedom, in the very spirited manner you

have chosen, should seek some other field of enjoy-ment than the confined, stale and hackneyed places

of resort. I am not surprised that your selection of a

contrast should have been made of our village of

world wide renown for the beauty and grandeur of

of its ante-revolutionary history, to stir up the warm

blood of man, and flush the palpitating seat of vital-

ity with emotions of generous gratitude for the he-

roes of '76, than that which we now occupy, I know

Gentlemen, know ve where you stand at this acci-

dental moment? The earth beneath your very feet

once echoed with its then almost wilderness voice

This is the immediate field of his daily labor.

while a mere boy, in the vocation of a land survey-

or; and in the progress of his operations in that ca-

pacity, he became intimately familiar with the re-

It was to his knowledge thus acquired we as a ne-

of our arms, during the subsequent revolution, which

the sombre though fertile ravines of the cloud-cap-

and discomfited soldiers in that event, And doubt-

less in the disturbed dreams of the caxions chieftain.

in the fitful and suffering rest of the winter quarters

of Valley Forge, this very spot was marked out on

nated by no brighter or more instructive page.

soil once impressed by his feet, you are invited .-

ple of Maryland and Virginia. A most appropriate

union lesson is taught us by the two rivers which surround your town—the Shenandoah and Patomac

-as when their union was formed at its base the

very mountain itself opened to allow them to mass

on to the mother of waters. Let such a union be

formed by this freemen of the favored land, than all

obstacles may be made to yield to the streams of

Liberty as they flow on to the fountain itself .-

Again allow me to tender you our sincere acknowl-

ner the national air-Hail Columbia-while the

military were marched into one of the armory build-

ings for the purpose of depositing their arms, after which the company was dismissed for dinner and

for the purpose of surveying the beauties of this

lovely spot, as well as visit the government armory

edibles served up at the United States Hotel, under

the direction of Mrs. Margaret Carrell, aided by Mr.

Young and Mr. Reed, the visitors separated for a stroll around and through the town, a large number

visiting the rifle factory and other national buildings.

\*The company again assembled at 2 o'clock in the

armory yard for the purpose of observing the order

of exercises of the day, which were followed by a fer-

vid, impressive and appropriate prayer by the Rev. J. P. Smeltzer, at the close of which the band per-

for more than an hour, with his fervid eloquence

We had the pleasure, during the past week, of

seeing several of McCormick's reapers operating,

chased one, called at the Depot a day or two after he

The Waverly Club.

of American Independence by a sumptuous supper

Clarke Land for Sale.

Mr. LEONARD JONES offers for sale his Farm, at the

head of Long Marsh, in Clarke county, containing

290 acres of Limestone Land, with a first-rate Orch-

17 The President of the United States left Wash-

This Literary Society celebrated the Anniversary

had been using it and paid the cash for it.

master of the armory.

After the disposal of a sumptuous feast of

truth, the enjoyment of a very happy day.

rion which surrounds us

carce experience elsewhere.

the youthful yet manly footsteps of that matchless

And if, besides this, there be amid the wide ex-

length assumed the character of an accomplished

from office, for mere opinion sake, with no other reason or cause existing, all are disposed to embrace the any other, and at a glance would be calculated to negative of it, and if such defined the true and real position of H. P. Evans, all would unite in the condemnation of his removal. But what are the facts? rally, to the Armory-Yard, where they were re-Prior to the meeting of the Staunton Convention ceived by A. M. Kitsmiller in the following address presenting HENRY A. Wise as a candidate worthy Gentlemen of the Independent Blues, National Greys, of Democratic support, for the Gubernatorial chair of the State, H. P. Evans had attached himself to I have a pleasing duty to perform. It is to assure this secret political party, known by the name of you that you have given the citizens of our town "Know-Nothings, and he continued a zealous memgreat pleasure in selecting it as the theatre of your ber and defender of their organization and princi-I am proud to be honored as the medium of comples up to a short period before the election on the municating the sentiments both of the corporate au-24th of May. For reasons requiring not a wise try; and should the rash indiscreton of the 49 thorities and of the people, on whose behalf I tender to the military and other visitors a sincere and corman of Greece to expound, he asserted himself withdrawn, at the time a luded to, from the Know- dent will promptly call an extra session of Condial welcome to the hospitalities of Harpers-Ferry and Bolivar.

In the interchange of social civilities I trust you Nothing organization and, none the less zealous, marched (that's the word) to the polls and voted will experience mutual satisfaction, and that the ties the Know-Nothing ticket full out, from Flournov of friendship may be thus drawn closer and stronger

to Castleman for County Surveyor. Perhaps I ought in good taste to refrain from If in the publication of 49 names, his besetting further remark, contenting myself with this simple performance of the duty assigned me to-day, but the sin and cause of removal, was " his inability to regard Henry A. Wise, and the ticket presented by occasion and the circumstances seem at least to justify on my part a very brief reference to the promithe Democratic party at the past election, as sound reliable Democrats and men," why did he not re-"Westward the star of empire takes its way,"was a proverb, once habitually on the lips of many of us here to-day. But that which a few years ago main neutral? Why did be not pursue the even tenor of his way down the Democratic path, advowas only dimly perceived in the visions of glory, or foreshadowed by the spirit of prophecy, has at cating those principles he had ever done before?-No, the liking or disliking of Henry A. Wise and the Democratic ticket, had nothing, whatever, to do The star of empire already glitters on the firmawith shaping Mr. Evans' course as is sought to be ment of the great West, and to what future granimpressed on the public mind by the publication deur it will arise, no human prescience can foretell. of 49 names; and had Henry A. Wise accepted the To trace out its greatness and its destiny will be the nomination of the Winchester Know- Nothing Contask of a far abler hand than mine this day. Even if time and good taste permitted, I confess myself vention in place of Flournoy, we have all possible reason for the belief, that he would have received But you will pardon in me the repetition of the the cordial support of H. P. Evans. Had he not the opinion of a very learned and eminent jurist, uttered almost a century ago, that " should no unforeseen the reliable men, Democrats, who had sustain seen and unanticipated evil befall it, the star spaned the Constitution of his country, an instrument gled banner is destined to float from the Atlantic to he had officially sworn to support, struck down, one the Pacific, over ten thousand cities, and its only by one, because their advocacy of Southern rights, And here permit me to observe that I recognise in followed as a consequence-by this very abolition this exhibition and celebration, only another man-Know-Nothing organization? Did he not daily ifestation of the same spirit and progress which has hear that the object and boast of the Know-Nothing produced and its working out this grand result of organization, was to break down the Democratic I am not the least surprised that the crowded deniparty in Virginia, and finally to wrest the helm of zens of our seaboard should at last discover-and the State from the hands of the party, by whose will learning comes not by any means too late-that the he retained office? and vet the publication of 49 bounding spirit of patriotism which gives impulse names would fain have the world believe, that H. P. and life to such expressions of love of country, as

Evans was a "true and consistent Democrat!" Mr. Evans truly is no " noisy" politician-" barking dogs never bite," but a more dark, wilv, managing member, so far as his abilities go, never (unless he is most grossly misrepresented) overstepped the threshold of a Council-loft, and it is very much doubted by many, if there has been a more efficier, panse of our beloved land one spot richer than an- Know-Nothing attached to the council of White other in scenes of physical sublimity and of artifi- Post, or even residing in the county of Clarke.

General retain in office a man, associated with a sccret oath-bound party, whose every aim was the destruction of the party in power, to the practice and enforcement of ser ret schemes, by which Know-Nothingism was to be erected upon its ruins? Was it safe to entrus', longer to his care, the management of an effice, which could be so readily converted into a powerful lever or machine against the authority of its direction?

Mr. Evans may, or he may not, have been impartial to the patrons of the office; that is not the question-it is, shall a man attached to a secret and tion would have looked for that safety in the defeat outh-bound organization, have under his control an office of this government of freemen, who should be by common interest, at all times jealous of anything like conspiracy. This was the view that instigated the prompt action of the Post Master General, and which, we doubt not, will receive the approval of all cool, sound thinking men.

the map of his great mind as the Thermopylee of The publication of 49 names goes forth to the world And could the personal interests of his ardnous as a genuine production, regularly signed by the perbut deeply interesting life at this period be gathersons whose names stand appended thereto. Now, is ed from the dim memories of the past, and reprothis true? Is this a fact? Startled indeed must be duced in story, his eventful history would be illumithe public, when informed that this publication was It is to talk over these incidents of the pioneer life of the Father of his Country, and to tread the are without means of ascertaining the truth unless by some pains-taking and the names of individuals This will give a zest to your recreation you would signed to it, who never laid eyes upon it until its I will detain you no further than to repeat the exappearance in the " Winchester Republican," and ression of good will and welcome with which I am "Alexandria Gazette, in which it was republished. charged by my fellow citizens, to wish you, in all There is truly a liberty of the most unwarrantable To this cordial and most appropriate address of character, both in reference to the individuals with welcome, Captain Brush made the following brief but whom it was exercised, and to that common honesty, which every man is expected to possess. And Mr. Chairman and citizens of Harpers-Ferry: In for what? why to tarnish, defame, and break down, the name of the military and citizens of Balif possible, the Democratic party, prejudice the pubtimere I thath you sincerely for the invitation with which you henored us to celebrate the hirthlie mind in favor of Know-Nothingism, and shield day of Liberty among you, as also for the most cor-dial, whole-souled welcome with which you have greeted us. The bulwark of this people against ene-H. P. Evans, in all his partisan efforts against the Democratic party to which, it is fancied, he is entl- | Hef? Would they not do so as soon? I ask you mies from without and within, depends upon the tled to belong. See too the false position in which union of the States, and we have come among you Democrats are placed, whose names without their to-day not alone to enjoy the proverbial hospitality of, Virginians, but also, if possible, to more firmly wield the link which binds the affections of the peoauthority have been signed to this extraordinary production, and so sensibly do some of them feel it, that we understand cards will appear in the differ-

ent papers, settling themselves right. The public are also gravely informed, that H. P. Evans' removal was " against the wishes of almost the entire community, at the request of only two or three would-be politicians, who were unable to get up a respectable petition, either in names, or in numbers, asking for a removal." Now is this true? is it a fact? Not the slightest effort has been made by a single individual or portion of the Democratic party of this community to get up a petition of the kind, and we assure the public that our denial is based upon strict inquiry; then what possible excuse can there be for giving publicity over 49 signatures, to an assertion so utterly groundless and gratuitous? Shall it be said that truth has no binding effect, no influence upon man's morals, when cherished ends are to be accomplished? Is he to sit quietly in his seat, and deal out with ink and paper, whatever of vagaries in barefaced assertion that perchance may spring upon the mind, wholly regardless of the admonitions of conscience? God

through which they were conducted by the gentle-manly superintendent, H. W. Clowe, Esq., Edward, Lucas, Esq., paymaster, and Samuel Barrington, Esq. Instead of reflecting upon innocent individuals (if reflection it may be called;) 'let the admiring disciples of curiosity, wend their way to the Post formed in excellent style a piece of sacred music.—
The orator and reader of the day, Z. Collins Lee, was then introduced, who enchained the audience Office Department, and there learn the doleful tidings of dismissal, and in the name of Justice and Truth come back, and among your neighbors and friends proclaim it from the house tops, and from this time, benceforth and forevermore, suffer not rankling suspicion, hot prejudice, envy, and hatred, to work upon your vitals like maggots in a carcass. Be and we were highly gratified. They do their work manly, frank, open, kind, generous, remembering in most admirable style, and give the greatest satthat when one political party attempts the moving isfaction to the farmers. In the early part of the of heaven and earth, the other will most assuredly that the condition of things would be entirely different. That in place of an abolition majority, there should have to have his light put out in the melee would be a large conservative Constitutional major- to the fact that they were not properly put up- would be but a poor compliment to the chapter of accidents, whatever might be his regrets, if it were for the Reaper, sent up a mechanic, who understands not just exactly what he expected and deserved. If a man desires to avoid scars and bruises, let him not take a hand in the fight, let him rather keep addressed the Washington, made an open attack within doors and attend to the business (if any) en-We did not see Atkin's Self Raker at work, but understand through E. M. Alsouith Eso, that they

trusted to his charge. But the hyperbole of this production of 49 names is the astounding assertion that "nine-tenths of those receiving their communications at that office, were opposed to his removal." Now is this true?

Is it a fact? Business men, men of practical experience and observation, enjoying a thorough acquaintance with | J. Koontz and Wm. Wirt Bird; of Shenandoah. the citizens of this community, express it as their honest belief, that upon a fair investigation of the statements of the people, who have been accustomed to receive mail matter at the Post Office of White Post, there would be found a majority approving the periodicals of the day and deserves a liberal ensite opinion ?-we say, "made to affirm," because many of them disavow the sentiments contained in the publication to which their names are attached?, why between thirty and forty are " Know-Nothings," with a sprinkling of boys; some do not consider the post office at White Post, to be their office, receiving as they are known to do, mail matter regularly at other offices, and others, at least another, who not ington on Wednesday evening week, on a short jour-ney, rendered necessary by the state of the health of only did not sign this extraordinary production out positively refused to sign any paper. This is the complexion of the 49 signers of the modern

Know-Nothing Declaration of Independence. And finally, to cap the climax, the posse comila!u

yes, the whole scragalty, as a fellow once said, the whole furrabbity, have in an awful rage, like a barnyard full of cats, spitting and caterwauling, peruptorily ordered "all communications addr to us (them) to be directed to Millwood, Clarke co., Va., until after March 4th, 1857, when an admintration will come into power, that will pay some reon, from injustice done the head of the Post | gard to the wishes of the people, and none to these intriguers of party, who make use of their influence, not for the public good, but only to gratfy

their private hatred."

This is a serious blow upon the administration one that can hardly fail to cripple one of the departments of the executive branch of the Government with which, the daily and hourly a ccommodation of the people, is more closely allied, perhaps, than with produce wide spread alarm, but for the power vested in the President, by the Constitution of the United States, to call an extra session of Congress when in his judgment, any great emergency should demand its exercise. The sagacity and wisdom of the President, cannot, we devoutly hope, fuil to cstablish in the popular mind, wholesome confidence which will successfully avert that panic, to which a sensitive people are prone on great and trying occasions, unsettling the machinery of government, or embarrassing the important interests of the counmake it necessary, we feel assured that the Presi-

In a comprehensive view then of the case of H. P. Evans, fully appreciating in it all its bearings, we think that the public mind will remain calm under the unresistable belief, that the Post Master General has done but his duty, and that the country need not apprehend the destructive consequences of a great crisis or revolution. UNCLE SAM. Clarke co., Va., June 26th, 1855.

Tribute of Respect.

OFFICE BANK OF THE VALLEY, IN VA., CHARLESTOWN, July 6, 1855. At a meeting of the Board of Directors held at this Office to-day, the following resolutions were moved and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The Board of Directors of the office of Discount and Deposit of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown, have received with unreigned regret the resignation of their President, Thomas Griegs, Esq., of his office; identified as by has been with this Branch of the Bank since its foundation, filling as he has done the office of its President, since the meeting of the first Board of Directors, with honor to himself, with advantage to the Bank and to the satisfaction of the public; we feel that the occasion requires of us the expression of our opinion of his official conduct and our regard for the an. It is therefore

Resolved. That the official confact of our late President, Thomas Griggs, Esq., has fully justified the choice of those who selected him for that office and of those who have continued him therein up to the period of his, to us une pected resignation. Resolved. That by the resignation of Thomas Griggs, Esq., of his office as President of this Branch of the Bank of the Valley, in Va., the Bank hamlost a faithful officer—a man of high integrity, strict impartiality and sound judgment. Resolved, That we receive with reluctance the resignation of a man of so much experience, of proved ability and public and private worth. Rescired, That a copy of the above preamble and es Jutions be entered on the Minutes of the proceedags of this Board, and that the Cashier of this office send a copy of them to our late President, Thomas GRIGGS, Esq., and furnish another copy to the papers of this town for publication. By order of the Board.

C. MOORE, Cashier.

[From the Bardstown Saturday Gazette ] To Masons who have Joined the Secret Order called Know-Nothings I wish to ask you whether or not it is not inco sistent with your obligation as Masons to join or re-

main with this new order? I intend to write nothing that is not proper to be written, but give you plain facts Almost the first knowledge impressed upon our minds in A. Y. Masonry is the fact that it does not interfere with religion or politics. It receives in its bosom the good of all denominations, Catholic or Protestant, Christian or Jew; it (unlike Know-Nothingism) scorns the Atheist. In its glorious precepts we are taught that we owe each other fraternal feeling, or brotherly love, which should last through life. We manifest this by attending even to the long home a dead brother, by depositing with his remains the sprig of Cassia. Let me ask you if Masonry does not teach and charge us to be true to our Government. And does not that Covernment in accordance with our beloved principles allude to, say "that no religious test shall ever be require as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States ?" To these principles as laid down I consider myself most solemnly pledged and sworn to maintain. I, as a Mason, consider further that I could not be a member of this new orde even if found acceptable at their council, for I could not agree or swear that I " would vote only for native-born citizens for all offices of honor, trust, or profit in the gift of the people, to the exclusion of Il foreigners, aliens, and Roman Catholics in particular, and without regard to party predilection." As I understand Masonry, (and I have been one for a good many years,) its aim is moral improvement; its end, charity; from all nations and creeds we profess these same principles. Let me ask you that if there is a native-born American, who is my prother-Mason in good standing, who is a Catholic belief, or say the busband of a Catbolic wife, or another who may be a foreigner and naturalized citizen, how can I, as a Mason, take an oath to pr scribe either, being a Mason, because of their re gion or birth? If I am in need or distress-yea, I am drowning-are they not as much bound to relieve me or fly to my rescue, at the rich of the lives as my native-born brethren of Protestant Le am I not bound as such to do likewise to or for

them? Do we not meet them upon the level and part with them on the square? Would not all this occur, whether in this or any other continent? If what I here say, then, be not true, then Masonry is nothing-Know-Nothingism everything. How can I, then, as a Mason, go into a lodge or council where there is no representative of the sun at high meridian, the beauty and glory of the day, and enter into obligation and compact with every description of character, Christian and Atheist to prevent lorever the two brother-Masons from hold ing offices of honor, trust, or profit in this, their and ny country, even though they may be more needy and worthy than their opponents in a contest? My conscience, my obligations to them, my oath to sup-port the constitution of my country, and which they ave sworn to support, forbid it, if I swear to what is required by this new order, I swear against Masonry-I swear against what I have sworn-I commit, virtually, perjury!

Consider these few reflections in a fraternal spirit, and come to such conclusions as your own conscience and better judgment may direct. Fraternally.

The Prisoners Sentenced. On Monday last, Judge Parker sentenced Wm M. Spurr, principal, and A. J. Copenhaver, aider and abettor, convicted at the late term of the Circuit Court of killing Isaac Wm. Smith-the former to eighteen and the latter to fifteen years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary. They left here on Thursday, under escort of the Sheriff, for their dreary

In the case of Spurr, the jury upon retiring to their room stood eight for the death penalty and four for eighteen years' imprisonment; and the Copenhaver jury were ten for hanging and two for imprisonment for five years or less. We must say that we have never seen upon the bench two more intelligent juries than those to whom these cases were

The Court adjourned on Monday, after an arduous session of nearly three weeks. But little business on the civil docket was disposed of .- Win. Republican

The commencement exercises at the University of Virginia, last week, were unusually attractive. Mr. Lucas, of Jefferson county, was the orator of the Jefferson Society. Mr. Newman, of Orange, who upon the American party. The address delivered before the two Societies, by Lieut. Maury, is spoken of in high terms of praise.

Among the graduates and proficients, the following were from this section of the State : A. M. Smith, of Winchester; Wm. P. Loutham and Jas. G. Clark, of Clarke county ; J. A. Straith and C.S. Alexander, of Jefferson county; John T. Lovell, of Warren; R. Winchester Republican.

65- The July number of the Southern Literary Messenger is on our table filled with choice articles of prose and poetry. It holds a high rank among

.... The Governor of New York has appointed Jos. Blunt as one of the counsel in the Lemmon slave case, which is being presecuted by Virginia. .... At Cagliari, Italy a sharp shock of an earth-

quake was felt on the 11th of June. OG-Owing to the accumulation of business in the circuit court of Hampshire, Judge Parker will hold a special term; commencing the 24th inst.

60-Of the small notes issued by the Corporation of Fredericksburg, about \$4,000 have been returned in the last month, leaving about \$500 still out. N. R. H. Garnett, of Essex, has been appointed Visitor to the University, to fill the vacancy occa-sioned by the resignation of Hon. Henry A. Wise. TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT DISASTER. EXPLOSION OF THE LEXINGTON.

about Lexington, from St. Louis for Louisville, having about eighty persons on board, including passengers and crew, exploded her boilers in the Ohio river, while under way, about 3 o'clock on Saturday morning last, killing and wounding fully half of the people on board. This terrible disaster occurred near the town of Rome, Indiana, while every soul on board, with the exception of that portion of the crew who were on watch, were asleep in their battle totally accurate the death. berths, totally unconscious of the danger and death that surrounded them. The Louisville Courier, of

The boat, it is supposed, exploded all her boilers with a terrific noise, causing neath and destruction to all around. The upper works of the boat, forward of her water wheels, were blown to fragments, throwing the sleeping passengers and the crew like "chaff before the wind," many of them falling in the river, and others alighting among the fragments of the burning boat and red hot furnaces on the lower deck, as the boat, almost on the instant of the explosion, caught fire, thus exposing the survivors of the wreck to the horrors of being either burnt alive or drowned. At this juncture the boat careened and commenced sinking, when a wood boat was caught and that, together with skiffs, and the steamers J. C. Fremont and D. W. Given, which came up, saved

The J. C. Fremont, with eight of the survivors, all wounded, reached this port Saturday evening. The D. A. Given stayed by the wreck some time, and ar-D. A. Given stayed by the wreck some time, and arrived here yesterday morning with a good many of the wounded and the passengers who were saved.

Capt. Throop, who was terribly burnt, went back to St. Louis, accompanied by his mate, John Johnson, first engineer, Mr. Davidson, the clerk, and a number of the cabin crew, on the Baltimore. The boat turned bottom upward and sunk The second mate was standing near that. Shitts at the time of the explosion, and the first thing he knew he caught the Captain in his arms. The latter was on the hurricane deck the moment before. Several of the passengers who were saved, including Capt. T. White, who arrived in the Given, knew nothing of the disaster till they found themselves in the river, in their night dress, among the floating portions of the wreck. How they were saved, or in what manner they got to the shore, was equally a mystery. A presenger asleep in an upper berth was saved, and the one in an under berth of the same

The second engineer, Willis, who was on watch, was killed, and his assistant saved. The second cle k and an assistant bar keeper were killed, and two firemen, names not known, burnt to death in their bunks. Two passengers who got on the boat at Smithland were killed. One of them was a gentleman about 30 years of age, medium size, with brown hair and sandy goatee. Mr. Wiley Johnson, of Madison, had his leg broken and received several contusions. A German deck hard and a colored man, who lived back of New Albany, died on the D. A. Given. All the ladies, children and passengers in the after part of the boat were saved unhurt. One or two dead bodies and portions of the wreck were met by the Rainbow 35 miles below the scene

The Lexington lacked only a few days of being 5 years old. The machinery was made by Philips, Hiss & Co., of New Albany, and the boat was quite old enough to be condemned. She has been a packet in our trade, but was fecently sold to St. Louis .-The Inspectors, of course, now that the damage is all done, will investigate as usual. The boat was under way, had but two firemen on watch, and it is the opinion of those who saw the wreck that the boilers had no water in them. All the wounded persons are burnt, bruised or crippled.

How Statues are Made. THE GREEK SLAVE .- George H. Calvert, through the Literary World, gives the following interesting account of the process of manufacturing statues, in a notice of Powers' Greek Slave: The Greek Shave is the second ideal work of the

American sculptor, Hiram Powers-the Eve being the first. The clay model was begun and finished in the summer and autumn of 4842. American sculptors having been hitherto obliged to work abroad, but few of our citizens have opportunities of witnessing the labors of the studio; acceptable therefore, will be some explanation of the several processes through-which a work in sculpture must pass, ere the artist can present his conception smoothly embodied in marble. The visitors to the Slave" will thus be made acquainted with the bodily birth and growth of the wonderful creation that stands before them in duzzling beauty. The conception being matured in the artists mind,

the first step in the process of giving form to it, is to erect on a firm pedestal, a skeleton of iron, whose beight, breadth, and limbs, are determined by the size and shape of the proposed statue. In this case it would be above five feet high, with branches, first at the shoulders, running down forward for the drms, then at the hips, to support the large mass of clay in the trunk and thence divided in two for the legs. About this strong cimple frame is now roughly built with wet clay, the pre-determined frage. Rapidly is this moulded into an approximation to the human form; and when the trunk, head and limbs have been definitely shaped, then begins the close labor of the mind. The living models are summoned, and by aid the surface is wrought to its last stage of finish With these breathing figures before him, and through his precise knowledge of the form and expression of every part of the human body, obtained from the study of nature and his own deep artistic intentions the clay under his hand gradually grew into life, assumed the clastic, vital look, which no mere anatomical knowledge or craft can give, but which is imparted by the genial sympathy with nature's living forms in alliance with a warm sensibility to the beautiful qualities which crown and render effectual the other less elevated endowments for art. Thus by the most minute labor, directed by those high and mental gifts, the clay model of the "Slave" was wrought out; and here the artist's work ended; the creation was complete. The processes whereby it was now to be transferred to marble, though of a delicate, difficult kind, and requiring labor and time are purely mechanical, and are performed under the artist's direction, by uninspired hands.

In order that the soft clay image be transformed

into a harder substance without suffering the slightest change in its surface, a mould is applied to it in the same way and with the same material as when a cast is taken of the living face or head, by means of semi-liquid plaster of Paris. The clay figure is entirely covered with this substance from one or more inches thick, provision being made for taking off the arms and for splitting the trunk after the plaster shall have hardened. The clay is all then taken out, the hollow mould is cleaned, and then refilled with semi-liquid plaster of Paris. When this which now occupies entirely and minutely the place of the clay, has in its turn become hardened, the outside crust of plaster is broken from it, and then is laid bare an exact fac-simile of the original clay figure in hard, smooth plaster of Paris, capable of bearing the usage of the studio, and of receiving the many marks that are to guide the marble cutters, whose work now begins.

First comes the blocker-out with his heavy mallet and coarse chisel, under whose rough blows the whole block soon begins to grow into a rude likeness of numanity. Then a finer workman, who loosens more of the folds that overlay the beaming image that the artist is bent on disclosing from the centre of the marble. And, finally, the artist himself, or as in this case, a refined worker, schooled under the eye of Powers gives the finishing touches, reproducing, with unsurpassed accuracy in the transparent, pure marble, every swell and indentation, and miintest carve, all the countless deficacies of detail, which, combined with and forming grand sweeping lines characterize the original as moulded in clay by the hand of Powers.

Massachusetts Nullification in England, The London News and Le Pays hail with delight the nullification act of the late Massachusetts Legislature. The news has a long leader on the per sonal liberty bill, which was vetoed by Governor Gardner, and passed over his head by the Legislature. It refers to the Burns case, and says: "The growling of the storm has never ceased since that pregnant cloud of last June lowered upon Massachusetts; and now the explosion of the pest seems to be very near, for the revolutionary deed is actually done. Governor Gardner and Judge Loring are really very much to be pitied. They cannot obey two contradictory laws of the Union and the State; they have to make their choice between them. The moment of collision has arrived The News concludes by earnestly invoking Mas-

fectionately about "Old Massachusetts" and the "Pilgrim Fathers," (who by the way, had no sort of objection to making slaves of black men, red men, or any other color,) says:
"Is Massachusetts ready to withdraw from the Union, or to be declared excluded from it? If so, she may, we think, reasonably hope for the com-panionship of the best States, of all that are peopled by the posterity of Pilgrim Fathers and probably

Le Pays, though not so open in its advice as the News, draws the same conclusion of the approaching disruption of the Confederacy from the nullilication proceedings of Massachu the same approbation of the course of the Mass-sachusetts Legislature. Massachusetts is playing directly into the hands

of these foreign Governments, whose policy dictates a dissolution of the Union, and who have fanned the flames of abolition here, to bring about that very end It is possible that their machinations may ere long he crowned with success. Another Burns case would bring the Federal Government and Massachusetts face to face, and the explosion, for which Great Britian has so long and assiduously prepared the slow match of abolition, would occur. Within sight of Bunker hill, where the mother country received from the audacious colonies her first check ceived from the audacious colonies not live in arms, she would reap her rich revenge, and the cradle of American liberty would become its grave.

\*\*Richmond Dispatch.\*\*

(CF The barn of Dr. Harvey Kyle, about 5 miles from Harrissenburg, was struck by lightning during the storm on Monday week, and entirely destroyed, together with its contents, consisting of thirty-five or forty tons of hay, a carriage belonging to his brother, and other articles. Loss estimated at about \$2,500; partially insured.

03 The Goldsboro, N. C., Tribune hoists the flag of Henry A. Wise for the next Presidency. Of The Wheeling Times says there are a few cases of Asiatic cholers in Parkersburg.

A GREAT BATTLE FOUGHT. THERUSSIANSVICTORIOUS FOUR THOUSAND ENGLISH KILLED

Other Important News .-The Steamer America, from Liverpool, arrived at New York on the 4th inst., bringing important news

Rord Raglan's dispatch and the newspaper correspondence are to band, describing the gallant capture of the Mamelon and the Quarries. The details are highly interesting, but the main facts have been already stated.

the times have made in this instruments attempt to storm Sebastopol. The most sinister rumors prevail in regard to the transaction. By some accounts the English loss is set down as high four thousand men, but the report is believed to be greatly exag-The following are the only official notifications o

he has received information that the English troop, attacked the Redan, and the French the Malekoff tow ers at daylight on the morning of the 18th, without the success which has hitherto attended our efforts. Both the French and ourselves have suffered consid-erbly. The names of the officers who have fallen will be forwarded immediately, but it will be impossible to receive dourplete returns before the 20th, (June) The Moniteur announces that the government has

received two dispatches from Gen. Pelissier—the first dated the 17th, informs of operations concerted be tween the General and his allies, and that the Turks and Chasseurs made a reconnoissance towards Aitodar, Gen. Bosquet occupying the Tchernaya. The next day at day break the French and Euglish were to attack the Malakoff tower, Gen. Pelissier was obliged to order their retirement into the parrallel. This was effected with order, and without molestation by Private accounts published in the Londed Standard say the loss of the British officers in killed sign

ard say the loss of the British officers in killed and wounded amounts to no less than seventy. Among the killed are Gen. Campbell, Col. Yea and Col Shadforth. From the obstinacy and courage with which the combat was maintained by the British at the Redan, and the necessity of creaturally retiring from the attack, the slaughter on all field has been immense, and if the information be correct the loss in killed and wounded of the British alone, amounts to very little short of 4000. very little short of 4,000; very little short of 4,000.

The greatest portion of the loss was experienced in a ravine where a powerful and unexpected battery was opened on the troops. There is reason to fea

the loss has been very great, but Lord Palmerston a id last night no additional information had arrived. The allies lost terribly by the Russians springing a mine, and during the confusion they recaptur Previous advices were to the 17th stating that

there had been smart firing on both sides but without any result of importance. A despatch from Bacharest, via Vienna, confirms

hat an expedition has been taken against Perkop. Pelissier is exceedingly savage against telegraphic ressages Napoleon sends him. He is reported to have recently replied that when anything occurs he will let the Emperor know, but that he has not time to act as a telegraphic operator. This, according to rumor, accounts for the present absence of news in the

All the camps are healthy, excepting that at Ba-laklava, where the cholera prevails. The Sardnians are suffering, and General Marmora, the younger

THE BLACK SEA. The Russian account of the success of the allies in the Sea of Azoff is published. Gottschakoff confirms the successes claimed by the allies, but says that operations against the Sea of Azoff were expected that not having means to oppose the hostile fleets, the garrisons had orders to blow up the batteries and re-tire—that the grain stores burned by the allies were mostly private property, and do not materially affect the supply of the army—inasmuch anticipating such an attack, supplies were mostly conveyed by land, notwithstanding the facilities offered by sea. The correspondence relates the horrible attrocities ernetrated by the French and Turks at the capture of Kertsch. A boat expedition is rumored to be pre-paring to enter the river Don, but the Russians have

the Don, has issued an address for their general enrollment as militia. A despatch from Varna dated June 17th, says that the Russians have made an unsuccessful attack on Kars, and it was reported that they had rotaken

the river defended by 27 gun boats.

Gen Arduganon, vice Helman of the Cossacks of

The Austrian Commander has proclaimed martial law in Moldavia, but the Moldavian authorities refuse o promulgate the order unless enthorized by the Constantine Balshe, son of the reigning prince was killed at Jassy in a duel by the Austrian Major Satt-berg. The a air ha i caused considerable sensation

n the principalities. THE BALTIC. Admiral Daines, with a squad of seventren steamrs, has left for the Baltic. The rest of the fleet lay of Seaker Island.

Prince Gortschakoff is appointed resident Minister t Vienna, M. Titoff to Wurtemberg, and M. Fontem to Hanover. Russian influence is very active, even in the small est German Coruts.

The Journal of St. Petersburg publishes the semi-oficial discussion on Count Wolemski's French Circular of May 23d. The Journal also comi-officially says that peace is possible if France and England are willing, inasmuch as the 4th point is morally although not formally settled, and the other points, namely : the navigation of the Danibe and the evacuation of the principalities are also settled-leaving only the Vi-

enna third point to be arranged. TERREY. Halil Pacha remains in office. A national monument is to be erected to the Eng

The Washington Sentinel gives the Abolitionists a nut to crack in the following interrogatories which we suspect, will be difficult of accomplishment: 1. Name the State or country where the health of the laboring classes is better, or as good, as that

of slaves? 2. Name the State or county in which the laoring classes are more sober, or as much so as so few lunatics as among slaves

4. Or in which so many children are born and safely live to maturity? 5. Or in which there are so few riots, murders, assnults or burglaries as among the slave popula-

6. Where is the laboring community which is so cared for in sickness and old age as among slaves? 7. Where is the community that can approach a comparison between the mutual attachment of master and slave?

8. Are there not a hundred, ave, a thousand instances of devotion of slave to master and master to slave, where one can be shown of servant to his hiring master or of master to his hired servant? 9. Is there a laboring class in the world so well fed and doing so little work as the slaves of the

10. And, finally, is there any community on earth, of equal numbers, in which there is so little vice and crime as among slaves? Some workmen, in making an excavation at Con-

stantina, in Algeria, a short time back, came to an ancient tomb, which farned out to be that of a Roman citizen. It offered no pecaliarity in construc-tion, but the inscription, which is in well written hexameters and pentameters, appears so curious, that a translation of it seems worth giving. It runs thus -"f, Procilius, whose remains repose here, state the exact truth in these verses. I have spent a life, without annoyance, exercising the calling of a silver-smith, in my house at Cirta. I have complete frank-ness towards every man. I have nothing whatever to complein of, for I was always gay and always happy, until the death of my chaste Valeria. I have celebrated with honor and approsperity one hundred anniversaries of my birthd y; and, at last, my final day arrived, when my enteebled frame rendered it welcome. The lines which you are now reading I composed myself during my life-time, being permit-ted to do so by the kind goddess Fortune, who never forsook me. Follow the path which I have taken; I await you here below; come!"

Death in a Well. On account of our abscence last week, a most distressing occurrence, involving the life of one of our citizens, was not noticed. A young man named Nathaniel Burner, was assisting Mr. C. B. Jordan to dig a well, at Mr. E. Hottel's sawmill, near this place. ediately after firing off a blast, Mr. B. descenled into the well to ascertain what execution it had ded into the well to ascertain what execution it had done, he was suffocated by the smoke from the powder, and attempted to ascend the ladder; and when he had ascended some ten or twelve feet, he fell back, falling upon his head among the rocks thrown up by the blast—the entire scalp being cut off by the rocks. He was removed from the well as soon as possible, but survived only a few moments after he was taken out. Mr. J., who descended to assist the unfacturate remaining many was partially assist the unfortunate young man, was partially suffocated, and would doubtless have have shared the same fate, had not a quantity of cold water been thrown down upon him. This sad occurrence took

RF-A few days since, while some hands were engaged in splitting a rock on the farm of Wm. H. Mc-Farland, in Greenbrier, a black bug was found in the centre of the rock, three feet from the surface.—
It lived fiftgen minutes after being taken out. The exterior of the rock was perfectly solid, and the only flaw in it existed where the bug was found.

place on the 22d ut. - Tenth Legion.

day, \$6,000 Virginia 6's sold at 100 1-2; and \$20,000 at 100 3-4. After adjournment of the Board \$500. Virginia 6 per cent bonds were sold at auction at 100 1-4. Among the sales were \$5,00 Va. and Tenn. Rail-oad 2d mortgage bonds at 74.

OF The County Court of Loudoun has levied a tax

The County and parish levy in Lewis county is four dollars and a half.

A correspondent of the Louisvill Courier has col-cted some highly interesting facts from the Census. The average number of acres per farm throughout the Union, is 208. The total agricultural products mount annually in cash, to \$1.300,000,000. Agriamount annually in cash, to \$1,300,00,000 Agri-collure yields a larger gross revenue that my of the Industrial Departments, while manufactures yield the largest profit in preportion to the capital. The number of acres to a farm is smaller in Maine and larger in California, thus are collected. larger in California, than any other State. We put it to our farmers whether there is not great need of an Agricultural Cellege in every State of the Union, seeing that an average yield of wheat per acre, un-In produce and stock Ohio belds the first rank in the following items, viz: Horses, sheep, corn, and wool; Kentucky is first in mules and hemp; New York in cattle, hav, butter, cheese, and fruit; Pennsylvania in wheat: Tennessee in hogs; Louisiana in sugar; Alabama in cotton, and the State of Virginia

Corn is the chief product of the United States. vielding, as it does, nearly twice the gross revenue of any other crop.
In 1850 31,000,000 acres of land were cultivated in corn, the average yield per acre being about 18 bushels. The largest yield was in Connecticut, where the average was 8 barrels. In Kentucky the average

The average yield of wheat in the United States is bushels to the acre. In Kentucky it is eight Of potatoes the average is about 120 bushels to the acre. In Kentucky it is 130. At the present prices of produce, an acre of ground in Kentucky would yield \$15 in corn, \$12 in wheat, and \$130 in potatoes—a fact worthly of consideraon among farmers. The most extensive manufacture is in the article of cotton. Of the raw material there is nearly three

times as much exported as manufactured. Of the manufactured article in the U: States, in its various shapes, three-fourths is doniestic. The next largest manufactured article is of woolen ods-the expertation and domestic use of which is nearly three times that of the importation. Iron manufactures, one of our largest staples, are rapidly increasing in the excess of the domestic over e imported article. The importation at present is

out one ninth of the home manufacture. The dis-illery and brewery products, if apportioned equally to the population, would be two gallons to each man, woman and child. About two and a half per cent of the corn produced is made into whiskey. Oldo manufacture more than one fourth of all the whiskey which is made in the United In our commerce the largest importation is of silken goods, amounting annually to more than \$30,-

In articles for consumption, coffee is the most expensive, the importation being about \$10,000,000 Of exports, cotton is the largest, and flour next in importance. More than one half of our commerce is with Great Britain, and a second amounted In 1853, our imports from Great Britain amounted to \$143,000.000, and our exports to that country to \$145,000,000. Since 1830, our exports have continued to exceed the imports. This country is eminent for railroads, and contains re than one half of the aggregate on the face of the globe. The average taxes paid by each person

THE Mails - A difficulty having arisen between the Postmaster General and the Soch Side and Virginia and Tennes-ce failroad companies, reletive to compensation for mail service, a contract has been made with John E. Friend to carry the mails in wagons from Petersburg to Lynchburg; with Mr. Streeter, from Lynchburg to Salem and with Mr. W. P. Farish, from Salem to Wythe ville -Petersburg Express

in the United States is \$3, while in Great Britain it

LETTERS RETURNED FROM LIVERPOOL. - All let-ters sent by private express per steamer Baltic from New York for Liverpool May 30, have been tiff, and to attach the real and personal estate of the returned to the Post office, in New York, by order of the Department at Washington. They number some 200 or 300, and are to be given up to their

63-There have been contracts by the Pioneer Mills, in Alexandria of about 25,000 bushels new Wheat At \$2,05 deliverable by the 15th of July, and \$2,00 by the 1st of August.

## The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTAMORE, July 6, 1855.
FLOUR—Howard Street. 200 bbls at \$9,75
City Mitls Flour.—On Friday 500 bbls. at 9,75
UGEN MEAL. 475 per bbl 218a218 RYE-Penesylvania -Waryland CORN—white WINCHESTER MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 5, 1855.

FLOUR, per barrel.... 900 a 9 10 10 25 GRAIN-WHEAT.... 2 00 a 2 10 00 SALT-G.A..... 00 a 0 00 1 75 a 2 00 ALEXANDRIA MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 6, 1855.

 

 SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl
 \$10 00 a 10 25

 WHEAT, (red) per bushel
 00 a 0 00

 Do. (white) do
 0 00 a 0 00

 RYE, per bushel
 1 25 a 1 30

 RYE per bushel
 1 25 a 1 30

 RYE, per bushel. 1 25 a 1 30 CORN, (white) 1 05 a 1 06 Do. (yellow) 1 05 a 1 06 OATS, per bushel 0 53 a 0 60 CORN MEAL 1 10 a 1 15 BUTTER, (roll) 0 16 a 0 20 Do. (firkin) 0 16 a 0 20 DARD. (firkin) 0 16 a 0 20 DARD. 0 17½ a 0 12 CLOVERSEED. 7 00 a 7 59 TIMOTHY SEED 4 00 a 4 50 PLAISTER, (retail) 4 00 a 4 25

# Special Motices.

h3-Rev. John Lanahan, Pastor of Exeter M. E. CHURCH. A strong desire to benefit the atflicted, induces him to speak thus; thousands of others testify to cases of Cough, Dyspepsia, Rheuma-

BALTIMORE, - Jin Messrs. Mortimer and Mowbray—I take pleasure in saying to you that I have used your "Hampton's Tincture" with very great profit From a serious throat affection, my general health had become very much injured, when I commenced to dee Hampton's Tincture. I found its effects upon my general health most salutary. My nervous system and digestive organs soon righted up under its influence.

I have several times recommended it to my friends, and in every case, as far as I have been informed, they have used it with success.

Yours truly, JOHN LANAHAN, Pastor of the Exeter st. M. E. Church, Balt.

RALEIGH, North Carolina.,
February 8th, 1855.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—I do hereby certify, that about twelve months ago, I was taken with a severe hemorrhage of the Lungs, and had four attacks of it. I was advised to try Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tineture; I procured one bottle, and after taking which, I was satisfied that I was much better; and after taking the fourth bottle, I was entirely well, and now I enjoy as good health as I ever did in well, and now I enjoy as good health as I ever did in thy life. I can, and do, without the least hesitation, recommend the Tincture to all persons afflicted in GEO. W. WEAKLEY.

Vours; GEO. W. WEAKLEY.
Call and get Pamphlets and see cures of Coughs,
Bronchi Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Scrotula.
As a female medicine it is unrivaled. Sold by
L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.
T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.
L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

And by Dealers everywhere. March 20. 63-Consumption is, without doubt, the most fearfully fatal of all diseases, (except epidemics.) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were beed in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold:— For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all similar dis-For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all situilar dis-cases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPEC-TORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others, who have used and administered it, bear testimony to its extraordi-nary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STA-BLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See advertisement in another column, and descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50 February 7, 1854

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale

fts-Person Having Lots in the Grave Yard of the Methodist E. Church are notified that some of the graves are in very bad condition. Those wishing them attended to will notify the undersigned.

May 8, 1855. JESSE BROCKLEY, Sexton. May 8, 1855. JESSE BROCKLEY, Sexton.

03-The Pew Rents of Zion Church are
now due. Payment is urgently requested.
Adril 3, 1855. LAWSON BUTTS, Col'r.

Adril 3, 1855. LAWSON BUTTS, Col'r.

ATEACHER WANTED.

A TEACHER WANTED.

May 1, 1855. GEO. W. LITTLE, Comal-

Martinurs. On Wednesday last in Leesburg, by R. George Adie, Mr. FAYETTE SMART and Miss MARTHA W., daughter of Dr. Francis T. Drake, all of Leesburg.

In Frederick city, on the 26th ult., by Rev. Mr. Seymonr, JOHN R. BOND; of Baltimore, to Miss VIRGINIA D., daughter of Thomas W. Morgan.

In Frederick city; on the 28th ult., by Rev. W. F. Colliflower, ROBERT G. HARPER, Esq., Editor of the "Adams Sentinel." Gettysburg, Penn., to Miss HARRIET A. SHIPMAN, of Frederick city. Gn Tuesday week last, by the Rev Mr. Meredith, ROYERT N. HARRER, Esq.; Junior Editor of the Rommy Intelligencer, to Miss JULIA C. MIDDLE-TON, coughter of Poet. Walter H. Middleton, of Farmville, Prince Edward county, Va.

On the 270 ulti, by the Rev. R. A. Fink, ALFRED BEALL, of Barimore County, Md., to Miss MARY A. HELFERSTAY, of Lartinsburg.

Virginia to wit in the Circuit Court of Actierson County. William Sowers, Administrator of the Estate of William K. Jenkins, deceased, and in right of his wife, and one of the distributers and heirs at law, of raid estate, and Catharine his wife, Plaintiffs, Joseph Jenkins, Mary J. Jenkins, Caihanne V. Jenkins, Elizabeth C. Chamberlin, Mary Chamberlin, John W. Chamberlin, Robert Chamberlin, Rushrod Reynolds, John Reynolds, Mary Ann Reynolds, Mu-ry F. Reynolds and Thomas Jenkins,

IN CHANCERY. THIS cause having been submitted invacation tome as Judge of the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, and it appearing that all the parties are properly in Court either by service of process or by publication according to law, and further that it is a proper case for an order of reference. It is therefore ordered that a commissioner in chancery of said Court do proceed to settle the administration account of the plaintiff, William Sowers as the administrator of William E. Jenkins, deceased, and make report to the next term of said Court; in doing which said counts and correct the set. the next term of said Court; in doing which said commissioner is directed to take and correct the settlement heretofore made by the said administrator in the County Court of Jefferson, a copy of which is filed in this cause, except so far as said settlement may be surchargedor falsified; by process to be laid before him. And said commissioner is turther directed to ascertain and report the proper distributes of said estate, and the distributive shares coming to each, from whatever find may found in the hands of the administrator; And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of taking said account. of the administrator. And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of taking said account, may be published once a week for four successive weeks in either of the rewspapers published in Charlestown, and that such fullication shall be equivalent to personal service of such notice on the parties to this cause, all of which is certified to the Clerk of the Circuit Goart of Jefferson County, who is directed to enter this in the order book of said

Given under my hand this 25th day of June, 1855. RICHARD PARKER.

A Copy—Teste,
ROBERT T. BHOWN, Clerk.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CHARLESTOWN, July 10, 1855. The parties to the above suit are hereby notified, that I shall attend at my said office at the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of August next, for the purpose of executing the above decree, at which time and place, they are equired to attend at 10 o'clock. A. M., with the necessary papers and vouchers, to enable me to take the account directo be taken in said decree. SAM'LSTONE,

At rules held in the Clerk's Office, of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, on the 3rd day of July,

Hezzena B. Beall, an infant who sues by her Mother and next friend, Martha E. Beall, Plaintiff, AGAINST Jesse M. Miller, IN ASSUMPSIT. THE object of this suit is to recover from the non-

said defendant in the County of Jefferson and State of Virginia, to satisfy said damages when recovered. It appearing on affidavit filed in this suit, that the defendant is not a resident of this State, he is bereby required to appear here within one month after due protect his interests in this matter. It is further or-der d that a copy hereof be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the "Spirit of Jefferson," a newspaper published in Jefferson County, and posted at the front door of the Court Hause, of the said County, on the first day of the next County Court: A Copy—Teste, July 10, 1855. ROBERT T BROWN, Clerk.

ANOTHER SALE! Will be sold at Shannondale Springs, on Thursday, the 12th inst., more cheap Furniture, Double and single Mattrasses;

Double and single Bedsteads;
Chaire and Small Tables;
Wash Bowls and Pitchers; Chambers; Cetts;
A large number of Linen Sheets, and Napped
Cotton Counterpaines;
Spreads and Cuctains; 5 or 600 lbs. Feathers; Ice-house ull of ICE; on a credit of three Also, the FARM of

145 ACRES, and the LAWN with all the improvements, will be Terms made known on day of sale of the Real Es-lete S. W. LACKLAND, Pres't July 10, 1855. Shannondale Springs Company. THE POTOMAC MILLS FROM this date will be conducted with the aid of Mr. MAINENY-avery competent Miller -by the

Mr. Maineny—avery competent Miller—by the undersigned.

They pledge themselvesto give in return for every three hundred pounds (300 lbs.) of pure and merchantable wheat received, a Barrel of super fine Flour, of the stendard of any of the Eastern markets They pledge themselves responsible for any reduction made by tife Inspector.

Wheat that is musty or has much garlick in it will be manufactured into flour by itself of standard quality independent of order or taste—but they will not be responsible for any reduction upon inspection.

Corn; Rye, &c., will be promptly ground in any manner that the customer may direct.

They further offer to deliver the Flour of customers in Georgetown—subject to their order—free of cost of freight, till the price per bbl. declines below \$7.

LEVI MOLER, Lessee,

I. H. TAYLOR, Gea'l Agent.

July 10, 1855.—2m.—F. P. copy.

HENRY HUNTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA. DRACTICES in the Courts of Jefferson and the ad-I jacent counties. His office is in that occupied by his father—whose aid he will have at all times.

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!! THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fresh supply of Wood Burnt Lime, of superior quality, which they offer on reasonable terms. Persons ofdering a supply, may direct their orders to them at Harpers-Ferry, Va.

July 10, 1855.

S. V. B. STRIDER & CO.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. STRAYED or stolen from the undersigned, about the 25th of June, a black and white spotted POINTER POG, named "Czar," having but one eye, and with the point of his tail cut off. A suitable reward will be paid for his recovery.

July 10, 1855. WM. BRISCOE. CORN AND BACON. 50 BARRELS Corn in the Ear, and 500 lbs. Hams for sale at the "McPherson Farm."
July 10, 1855. KEYS & COCKRELL.

TO THE PUBLIC. THE public are bereby warned not to purchase Wheat Drills from William A. Suddith, or William A. Suddith, or William A. Suddith and William Crow, with the Compost or Guatto Attachment, Patented to Henson & Rohr, inascruch as neither of the afore-named per-Rohr, inasmich as neither of the afore-named persons have the right to use; (or to rend to be used) the said Attachment to eny Drill vhatever, Henson & Rohr did (while the Fatent, was 'yet pending) agree with the said Suddith, to transer to him the right to use the said Attachment to the Drill Patented to George Rohr; better known afterwards as the Rohr & Jackson Drill; and for which said right, the said Suddith agreed to pay a specified sum, on the tender of the deed to him; with which he failed to comply; upwards of a year subsequent to the issuing of the Patent, a Deed was again duly executed, and tendered to him by an officer, who at the same time notified him, that the said Henson was about to sell his entire right, (which he did) and that would be the last opportunity offered him to close up the old agreelast opportunity offered him to close up the old agree-ment, and he still refused to accept the Deed. We give this notice, as we intend to assert our rights at

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE public are hereby informed, that on the 9th day of January, 1854, I purchased of Thomas D. Henson and George Rohr, the right to use their Compost Attachment to Rohr's Drill, which I had previously bought for the State of Virginia, and which had been deeded to me; and the said Henson and Rohr conveyed to me in writing, the right to use the said Compost Attachment; I have tendered to them the consideration which I was to pay for the improvement, which they refused to receive. I declined accepting the deed offered by them, because I was in formed by my counsel, that the transfer which had been made by the parties as a perfect transfer of the right.

The merits of this purely vegetable extract for one removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in an other column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, \$3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$8; \$16 per dozen — Observe the marks of the GENUINE.

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-ED.

Tight.

Any one who desires it, can see the written transfer of the parties was a perfect transfer of the any one who desires it, can see the written transfer of the fer by calling on the subscriber.

I do not believe that they intend to assert their presenced right, but their action is merely a scheme designed to injure me. I have been selling the Drills with the Compost Attachment for more than eighteen months, and no suit has been instituted. I will warrant and defend by good security, the right to use the Machines to any one who may purchase it.

July 10, 1855.—2t.

RUNAWAY NECRO MOREST LED.

HEREBY caption, any passar HEREBY caution any person or persons not to harbor LETTY, a Negro Woman, the property of Dotphin Drew, of this County. She is a runaway—against any one that harbors or employs her, the law will be enforced to its fullest extent. The reward offered for runaways, by the law, will be paid, if secured in Jail so that I get her again.

TOWN D. LINE Charlestown, July 10, 1855—3L.

VALUABLE VIRGINIA LAND AT PUBLIC SALE BY virtue of a debree of the Encuit Court of Frederick County, Va., rendered June 20th, 1855, the undersigned, as Special Commissioner, will offer, at public sale, on Wednesday, the 1st day of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the house occupied by R. S. LONG, on the premises, a VALUABLE TRACT OF Limestone Land,

situated a half mile to the west sice of the Valley Turnpike Read, and adjoining the lands of Messrs. A. Stickley and D. Dinges. This farm contains

200 ACRES;
90 Acres of which are heavily Timbered! A good Meadow, with a never-falling stream of water running through said farm.

The buildings are a good brick DWELL-ING-HOUSE; brick SMOKE HOUSE, good BARN, STABLES, CORN CRIB; &c.
It is situated 11 miles from Winchester, a depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road; and 7 miles from Strasburg, a depot of the Manassas Gap Railroad. Also, 3 miles from Newtown, and 2 miles from Middletown. It is in a fine section of country, and is altogether a very desirable Farm. ogether a very desirable Farm.
Full possession will be given on the 1st day of October next.

TERMS.—One-third cash; the balance in two equations annual payments, with interest from the day of sale July 10, 1855.

R. S. LONG.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL sell, on SATURDAY, July 14th 1855 my MOUNTAIN RETREAT FARM, in Jof my MOUNTAIN RETREAT FARM, in Jef ferion County, containing 269 ACES, 50 of which are in TIMBER, and enclosed, all under good fencing, a large portion o which is made of Locust Posts and Chestnut rails. The farm is laid off in 9 fields, and has 6 springs on it, which give water to each field. There is also a good DWELLING and Overseer's HOUSE, a Barn and Corn Cribb, Bathing and Ice House, a large Stone Spring House, with a never-failing Spring, Apple and Peach Orchard, together with Cherry, Plum, Damson and Quince trees, Grapes, &c.

The Farm lies on the south side of the Shenaudoah river, 2½ miles above Harpers-Ferry, an I is one of the most healthy and beautiful situations in the county. 1 will sell, on the same day, my DOVE HILL FARM, which contains 150 Acres, 75 in Timber and 75 cleared and under good fencing. This farm has on it 3 Dwelling Houses and one Stable. It is laid off in 4 fields, is well watered, and lies within half mile of the Mountain Retreat Farm, and in the same

Also a small Tract of LAND, containing 10 Acres, with a House and Stable on the same, which is now occupied by Thomas Pennell. Or-The sale of the above PROPERTY will take ice on the Mountain Retreat Farm, at 12 o'clock; on the day above named. I will also sell, on Saturday the 14th day of July, at 12 e'clock; on the premises, my STILL HOUSE FARM: This jarm lies in Loudoun County, 2 miles below Harpers Ferry, on the Potomac river, and contains 255 ACRES, a lage portion of which is in valuable young Chesn at Timber, and about 1 of the cleared land is river bottom, which is very rich. There is on this farm 3 Dwelling Houses, Stable, Barn and Spring House, a large STILL HOUSE, and upwards of 500 fine Apple Trees that are just in their prime, together with a large number of Cherry trees, &c. There are 12 good Springs of Water, on this place, which afford plenty of water to each field.

I will also sell at Harpers-Ferry, on Mondo the 16th day of July, at 12 o'clock, M. my larg BRICK STORE and DWELLING HOUSE, which I now occupy, and which is one of the finest and largest Store rooms in the county. The Dwelling above the Store is finished off with 12 rooms; and

sufficiently large for a hotel, or a large bearding At the same time and place, I will sen my large STONE-HOUSE, on Shenandoah street. It has in the first story a very fine Store-room finished off complete, together with a snug Bake-house room with a Bake-oven, &c. It has a fine Dwelling above, consisting of 5 rooms and a kitchen. It is not necessary to give any fur-ther particulars, as it is presumed that no one will purchase without examining for themselves. 13- The terms of the above proporty will be, one third Cash; the balance in one and two years with interest from date, secured by a Deed of Trust on the

property.
Mr. A. Grove, on the Mountain Retreat farm; George Hawk, on the Dove Hill farm; Thomas Pe nell, on the 10 acre tract, and Henry Lee, on the Still House place, will take pleasure inshowing the above property to any one who wishes to purchase.
PHILIP COONS. as it is my determination to change my business and those that want bargains will be able to get them

SPECIAL COMMISSIONERS SALE.

By virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Jeffer-son County rendered on the 18th day of May, 1855 in the cause the coin depending of A. B. Davidson & Harris vs. The Harpers-Ferry and Shenandoah Manufacturing Company, the undersigned as special Commissioners, will proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of July, 1855, a small Stock of Merchandise, consisting of CLOTHS, COTTONS, and other DRY GOODS, and a variety of other articles usually kept in a country store. The whole will be sold together in a single lot. The Goods are now in the Store house on the Island at Harpers-Ferry, and will be shown to persons dis-posed to purchase by A. H. Herr, Esq., at any time before the day of Sale.

At the same time will be sold a lot of ground belonging to said Company, sisuated on Union Street in the town of Bolivar, adjoining the lots of Garrett's lers, and others, and containing about three acres.— Mr. Herr will also direct any one disposed to purchase, so as to make a particular examination of sai cash, and the residue in two equal payments, at si and twelve months with interest from the day of Sale The deferred payments to be secured by bonds with approved personal security; and as to the lot with a lien reserved thereon.

The sale to take place about 12 o'clock, M. at the

said Store House on the Island.

R. Y. CONRAD.

ANDREW HUNTER,

Special Commissioners. HAVING closed the grinding of the last crop Wheat, I take this method of requesting all per Wheat, I take this method of requesting all persons who have one or more of my BAGS in their possession, to return them to me that they may be mended in time for the coming crop. Those who have bags with my name marked on them, may know that they cannot rightfully retain them, as I have never sold or given one away. I will be obliged to the readers of this notice to remind those whom they may see with my bags, that they are not their's, and ought to be returned to me promptly. They were not intended for any other use than to carry wheat to my Mill. Customers in want of flour for harvest will please get it soan as I wish to send all off after they are furnished. They are supply of Family Flour on hand of the best chality.

July 3, 1855. THO LAS H. WILLIS.

SUSQUEHANNA HOTEL, OPPOSITE CALVERT STATION, BALTIMORE, MD. THE undersigned having leased the above Hotel and put it in complete order, is prepared to accommodate his friends and the traveling public. The proprietor will be pleased to see his old friends, and promises to make their stay confortable and satisfactory. Baggage taken to and from Calvert Station Free of Charge.

July 3, 1855.

Proprietor.

E. M. BOSLEY, IMPORTER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, No. 4 Light Street Wharf, FOUR DOORS SOUTH OF PRATT STREET. BALTIMORE.

CLARKE FARM FOR SALE. T IE undersigned being desi ous to relinquish farming, offers his farm on which he resides, in Clarke County, Va., situated immediately at the head of Long Marsh, 3 miles north-west of Berryville—the Tract containing about

290 Acres, entirely of Lime-stene land, about 220 cleared with a fair portion lying in Timothy and Clover. The remaining part of the Tract being in Timber—the cleared land and about half of the Timber being under good feneing, a good part of stone. The improvements are moderate, with one of the finest Orchards in the Valley, and plenty of water at all seasons. As the undersigned is determined to quit farming he will sell a bargain in the above property. Pessession can be had, to sow down this Fall. i Terms will be made moderate as I do not expect to invest it in land again, there can be had on a good part of the purchase money from 5 to 10 years—by paying the interest annually.

July 3, 1855.—tf LEONARD JONES: Law.

All persons desiring to have the Guano Improvement attached to their Drills, can be accommodated by applying to either of the undersigned. We would also say, that we have on hand, a number of Mr. Pennock's celebrated Wheat Drills, with the Guano Attachment, which we will sell on the most reasonable terms. This Drill with our Guano Attachment, received the first Premium at the World's Fair, New York.

July 3, 1855—3t.

JUly 3, 1855.—tf LEONARD JONES.

THE Subscriber having renfed of L. P. W. Balter, and the Lectown Merchant Mill, and also the Saw-Mill, hereby informs his friends, neighbors and the public, that he will be prepared to purchase Wheat and Grain at market prices—to do country york, and to accommodate his customers with excellent Family Flour, Offal, &c. He will leave no effort mexerted to please his patrons, and respectfully asks the favor of the community.

ARMISTEAD M. TINSMAN.

TO THE PUBLIC

WALDRON'S Imported Grain and Grass Scythes, Rifles, Whetstones, Nippers, and Cloui Nails, just received at the Market House, by July 3, 1855. T. RAWLINS. WINES, BRANDIES, &c. 150 BOTTLES Pure old Port; Medeira; 150 " " Brandies. The above were selected in New York by a frien

from first hands, guaranteed genuine, and designed particularly for the sick.

JERE HARRIS.

June 26, 1855. BEST Cast Steel Hill and Cross Cut Saws, Pite July 3, 1855. T. RAWLINS. BRASS Spigots, with metal Keys, and L athe Stopples, may be had by calling at the Mark House. T. RAWLINS: BELL Metal and Brass Kettles: for preserving also a general assortment of Groceries, to be he at the Market House. T. RAWLINS: CAST-STEEL from 1 to 72 inches—also American and English Blister Steel, for sale by July 3, 1855. T. RAWLINS. THEREL and Neat's Foot Oil, for saic by July 3, 1855. T. RAWLINS 

ADDES SLIPPERS
AND GAITERS, all sizes;
Misses and Children's do.
May 1, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS.

In the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, May 19,

In the Circuit Court of Jellerson county, May 19, 1855.

William T. Rowe; Ebenezer Stratton, and James W. Ritey, said Riley suing for the use of Fayette J. Conrad, his assignee,

AGAINST

John W. Moore, High Sheriff of Jefferson county, committee administrator of William F. Fitzsimpions, dec'd, Sophia Fitzsimmons, widow and dovress of said William F. Fitzsimmons, dec'd, and Adriannu Isabella Fitzsimmons, minor child and heir of said William F. Fitzsimmons,

IN CHANCERY. IN CHANCERY.

On consideration whereof, the Court doth adjudge for and decree, that this cause be referred to on "On consideration whereof, the Court doth adjudge, order and decree, that this cause be referred to one of the Commissioners of this Court, and that he do state and settle the administration account of John W. Moore, High Sheriff of Jefferson county, and as such committee administrator of William F. Fitzsimmons, deceased, that he do convene Before him the creditors of said William F. Fitzsimmons, dec'd, and take an account of, and audit the debts due from said William F. Fitzsimmons upon proof offered be fore him of, said debts, having given notice of the time and place of receiving proof of said debts by inserting a notice thereof in some newspaper printed in Jefferson county; ence a week for four successive weeks, and such publicallon shall be equivalent to personal service of such hotice on the parties, that he do also ascertain the volue, absolute and annual of the two lots or parcels of land separately, and that he do report the same with any statement he may deem pertinent or whichhe may be required by any of the parties interested to state, to the next term of this Court in order to a further order, in this cause.

A Copy—Teste, ROBT. T. BROWN, June 19, 1856.

CHARLESTOWN, June 19, 1855. THE creditors of William F. Fitzsimmons, dec'd, are hereby notified that I have fixed upon Thursday the 19th day of July. 1855, at my said office, to receive proofs of claims against the estate of said deceased, at which time and place, they are required to attend.

SAMUEL STONE, June 19, 1855.

REMAINING in the Foot Office at Harpers-Ferry, Va., June 20th, 1855. Jos L Miller, Mrs. Many Compton; Caroline Dorsey,

Jos L Miller,
John Mumper,
Miss Mary Myers,
Elizabeth Ramsey,
Dr. James C. Smith, Mrs. Maria Fisher, David Gortshall, Washington L. Somas Jackson Underwood, F J Lyon, E T Walker. Jnne 26, 1855. T. A. HERRINGTON, P. M. NOTICE.

HE subscribers are prepared to grind Corn, Rye, Oats, &c., two days in the week, viz: Tuesday and Friday. Persons need not fear a disappointment, as our motive power is by Steam, and we can grind any quantity in a day.

ZIMMERMAN & CO.

NOTICE.

INTENDING to remove to the West in the ensuing Fall, I must ask of all those indebted to me to make payment by the 1st day of September next. All debts unpaid at that time will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

L. SADLER.

June 12, 1855.—tf. June 12, 1855 .- tf.

2000 POUNDS OF BACON, HAMS, SIDE HAMS, SIDES and SHOULDERS. For sale by JOHN D. LINE. June 26, 1855. FOR HARVEST. TUST received a fresh stock of Groceries, Queens ware, Tin-Ware, Patent Rifles, Whetstones and every description of Goods needed for the harvest, all of which will be sold very low by June 26. JOHN D. LINE. June 26. JOHN D. LINE will be thankful to receive orders for all kinds of MERCHANDISE, except Ard at Spirits, which he has positively refused the sale of:

[June 26.]

UST received a fresh assortinent of LEMONS for harvest.

J. F. BLESSING. ANOTHER lot of those fine Pine Apples just re-

LEMONS.

WANTED. LAND WARRANTS, wanted by July 3, 1855. KEYES & KEARSLEY. HAVE 14,000 feet of seasoned Pine Plank for sale at Rock's Ferry. C. H: LEWIS. at Rock's Ferry. June 12, 1855.

June 12, 1850.

HARVEST GOODS.

ERE. HARRIS has on hand a general assortment of Harvest Groceries, that he will sell as low as any house in town.

GJune 19, 1855. rings, at a very low price, for each.

June 19, 1855.

E. M. AISQUITH. TIMOTHY SEED.—Another supply of pr in at the Depot. E. M. AISQUITH. at the Depot. September 19, 1854:

DER VINEGAR.

BELS. three year old, warranted the best in the county.

March 27.

JERE HARRIS. March 27. JERE HARRIS.

A VERY large stock of Mens' Shoes on hand, by
June 12, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS. HARVEST RAKES.—Thompson's make of Rakes, for safe by GRAMER & HAWKS. June 12, 1855.

HEAVY Buckikin Gloves, for sale by June 12. CRAMER & HAWKS. HARDWARE. A general assortment of Hard Ware, for sale by CRAMER & HAWAS. June 5, 1855. SPERM, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, for sal CRAMER & HAWKS.

I VORY Handled Knives and Silver Forks, for sal by CRAMER & HAWKS. QUEEN WARE, Stove Ware, and Earthen Ware, for sa le by CRAMER & HAWKS, June 5, 1855.

A VERY hkely SERVANT WOM AN, 20 years of age. She is a first-rate House Servant and Seam-stress. Inquire at WE have just received another supply of Carpeting and Matting, equally as good and cheap as the lomer.

CRAMER & HAWKS. A BEAUTIFUL stock of

A CLOTES; CASSIMERES; VESTINGS; SILK CRAVATS; for sale by May 1, 1855. JOHN D. LINE.

STRAW Bonnets, Children's Flats, Silk Rushes, and a general stock of Bonnets, Ribbons of every style and color, for sale by May 1, 1355.

JOHN D. LINE. May 1, 1355. NATURES Ultimatum Kohrineor and Perfection Tobacto that can't be teat, also a full supply of those fine Plantation and other Segars. Give in JUST received a large and general stock of De-laines, Berages, Lawns, Silks and Prints, which will be be sold at great bargains.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

We account a reall ready for settlement, those that are owing in will confer a favor if they would call and settle these accounts, I am compelled to have money to pay my debts.

April 17, 1855.

THOS. RAWLINS. STRAW MATTING, 6 pieces 4-4 and 6-4 white and colored.

JERE. HARRIS.

Combs; Hair Brushes; English and French Tooth Brushes; Fort-moniaes; Tollet and Shaving Soaps, for sale by April 17, 1855.

J. L. HOOFF.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A LARGE and general stock of BOOTSAND SHOES, for sale by
April 17, 1855.

J. L. HOOFF. HAVE for Sale a BUGGY AND HARNESS, which GARDEN HOES, Rakes, Spades, Long-han-Gled Shovels and Forks, for sale by CRAMER & HAWES. March 6. TABLE SALT in Boxes and Bags.

March 20 H. L. EBY & SON. BEEF TONGUES and Dried Beef just receive of March 13. H. L. EBY & SON.

MACCARONI, Cheese and Crackers of all kinds. H. L. EBY & SON TIMOTHY SEED .- Timothy Seed of primo quality, for sale by March 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES & SYRUP just received and for sale by Dec. 5, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON. 50 KEGS assorted sizes, just received and for sale low by the keg.

April 10 1855.

LOAF, C. ushed, Pulverized, Gravulated, Refined I and Brown Sugars, at a small advance, March 20 H. L. EBY SSON. LIME.—Fresh burnt Lime, of superior quality, for sale by
March 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. DRENCH CRIMPED DIMIATY, May 8, 1855. CRAMER & HAWKS.

A ULTS GARDEN SEEDS. I have received my spring supply of Ault's celebrated ENGLISH GARDEN SEED, warranted frish and genuine, which can be had at the Market House, for cash, Eeb: 27.

NEW GOODS.

New Goods among which are some anction bargains.

April 10, 1855. A TEACHER WANTED. July 3, 1555,

ley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in formed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in person, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown, Jeffeorsn county, Va. \*\*

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

For himself and in behalf of the other devisees.

IF the above property is not sold before the 15th day of July next, (being Court day,) it will at that time be offered at public sale, before the Court-House, in Charlesfown.

Terms will be made known on the day of sale, by the Auctionecr. GEO, WASHINGTON.
June 12, 1855. F. P. HALLTOWN BOOT AND SHOESTORE. THE subscriber having commenced the above business in all its various branches at this place solicits the support of this, and the adjoining neighborhood, feeling confident, that all who patronize him, will be pleased with the kind, quality, workmanship, and price, of everything in the Shoe-Maker's line. All kinds of work made, or mended to order in the best manner, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms; and, as I am a practical workman myself, and will employ none but competent hands, and use none but the best material, I feel sure that I can doall that I promise, and make good work, from the finest boots and shoes for the gentlemen and ladies, to the coarsest of either for servan s. Hides will be taken as eash in payment of purchases or work.
A reasonable credit say 6 or 12 months will be given to good and punctual customers if desired.

June 19, 1855-3t GEO. L. GARRETT. ICE CREAM, MINERAL WATER. &c.

Dec'r 13, 1853-tf

THE subscriber has just received a lot of fresh Porter, Ale, Brown Stout, and Mineral Water of the ter. Ale, Brown Stout, and Mineral Water of the best qualities, which in addition to his large stock of French Confectionary, Fruits, Pickles, &c., make my assortment complete. I am now prepared to furnish Ice Cream regularly; and have fitted up the large and comfortable room up Stairs expressly for the Ladies, to which they can repair through the hall leading to it, and be perfectly retired.

I will be glad to supply orders for Parties and Pic Nics, and will do so at the shortest notice

June 19, 1855.

J. F. BLESSING. JORDAN'S WHITE SULPHUR

OPEN on the 15th of June. From Baltimore, Washington or Cumberland, in early morning trains to Harpers-Ferry, thence by Winchester Railroad to Stephenson's Depot, Frederick County, Va., in time to take coaches 1; miles to the Springs to dinner the same day. Ricz's celebrated COTILLION BAND engaged. Hot and Cold Baths. Medicinal effects same as Greenbrier White Sulphur water. E. C. & R. M. JORDAN & BRO. June 12, 1855.

T TO THE CITIZENS OF VIRGINIA.

THE undersigned having located in the City of
Dubuque, in the flourishing State of Iowa, will give
particular attention to the INVESTMENT OR LOAN
OF MONEY, EXAMINING TITLES, PAYING TAXES, SELECTING GOVERNMENT LANDS SELLING OR LOCATING LAND WARRANTS in any part of Western or Northern Iowa.

No. 3; Jone's Block; Dubuque Iowa.

WM. Y. Lovell, S. C. Epadster, H. Beall.

REFERENCES.

Thomas H. Willis, Charlestown,

Exercise Venerally, Charlestown,

THE Professional accounts of the Late Wm. C. Worthington, Esq., are ready for settlement. Peris who know that they have settlements to make or who owe him will please give this their attention as the estate is in want of funds, and I will be oblige to proceed to collect in the shortest way possible.

S. RIDENOUR.

Administrator.

May 1, 1855.

FOR SALE.

HREE good Horses, for saddle or barness; one good two-horse Wagon, with 4 Eliptic Springs and fron Axles; a one-horse Wagon; a Carryall and a new Buggy. Also Double and single Harness, and a first-rate new Quilted Somerset Saddle, and a new Side Saddle. Having no further use for the above articles, those in want of them may expect great bargains by calling on.

J. W. McGINNIS.

Charles, own, May 1, 1855.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS,
Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Books,
Stationery of all Kinds, Blank Books. &c.

THE public is respectfully informed, that I have in I store, and for sale a large and general assortment of the above articles, selected with great careand warranted fresh. Also Patent Medicines of all kinds. Call and examine them.
L. M. SMITH.
Charlestown, May 1, 1855. LICENSE OR NO DICENSE. HAVE made up my mind to discontinue the sale of Liquors, and respectfully anounce to my customers and the public that I have received and opened a general assortment of GOODS; in addition to my stock of Groceries. I return my thanks for past favors, and by strict attention to business, I hope to merit a continuance of the same. May 22, 1855. R. H. BROWN.

May 22, 1855.

ADIES will please call and examine the new stock of Berages, Lawns, French and American Prints, Ginghams, Atlantic Chambrays, Plaid and Plain Cambrics, very low; Parasoletics, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Linen Cambric Hand kerchiefs, &c., for sale by.

May 22.

JOHN D. LINE. DARM AND GARDEN IMPLEMENTS. I Just received a full supply of Farm and Garden Implements; Forks, Shovels, Hoes;
Garden Ploughs and Cultivators;
Also Chain Pumps, &c;
for sale low as the Market House.
May 13, 1855.
T. RAWLINS.

JUST received at the Market House a fresh suppl of Cucumber Seed, also Onion and Pumpkin Seed.
June 5, 1855. THOMAS RAWLINS. 25 BARRELS HERRINGS, for sale by June 5, 1855. H. L. EBY & SON. THE PUBLIC are respectfully invited to call and examine another freek drrival of nice and heap GOODS at the store of May 22. JOHN D. LINE.

REFRIGERATORS.

BOTT'S patent Refrigerators, for sale by:
May 22, 1855. KEYES & KEARSLEY. 50 BUSHELS good dried Peaches on hand which we are selling off at a low price.

May 22, 1855. KEYES & KEA RSLY. POTATOES.—About 100 bushels best MERCER
POTATOES for sale at the Depot at much reduced rates.

Charlestown, May 22, 1355.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS.

BELLOWS, Cast Steel Face Advils,
Vices, Sledges, Hand and Shoeing
Hammers, for sale low at the Market THE subscriber has just received a large supply fresh Pine Apples. Call soon and supply yourself.
May 15, 1855. JOHN F. BLESSING. HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES:
HAVE just received from Baltimore, a supply of
White Ivory balanced-handled Table and Tea
Enives; Albala Forks to suit; plated Tea and Table
Speors; also Pen and Pocket Knives.
May 15, 1856.
T. RAWLINS.

POTATOES.

POTATOES.

I RAW LINS.

POTATOES.

Maine do.;

White Carter;

Early Seedling;

just received and for sale by

April 17, 1855. KEYES & KEARSLEY. SPRING GOODS. Seasonable Goods. For pa CRAMER & HAWKS. JOHN L. HOOFF IS now secriving his SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, to which he invites the attention of the Ladies and Contlemen to call and examine before

urchasing elsewhere. April 17, 1855. BERAGE, BERAGE DE LANES;
SILK TISSUES, LAWNS, BRILLIANTS;
SWISS MUSLINS, CORSETS;
AND GRASS SKIRTS, for sale by
April 17, 1855.

J. L. HODFF. COLLARS, UNDERSLEEVES;
-SWISS AND CAMBRIC EDGINGS, for sale by April 17, 1855.

J. L. HOOFF.

WHITE LEAD,
Copal and Japan Varnish;
Whiting; Yellow Othre, Ohio Paint,
Chrome Yellow, Chrome Green, Lindsced Oil;
Spirits of Turpentine, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, &c.
for sale by or sale by L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, May 1, 1855. HUGHE'S IRON.—Wings, Landsines Coul-ters, Horse Shee Bars, Nail Rods, Band and Scollop, Bar, Round, Square, and Nail Rods, with a large stock of other Iron for sale.

March 27.

H. L. EBY & SON. JUST received another lot of new Mettings and Straw Goods, which will be solit very low. May 227. JOHN D. LINE. SEGARS.—I have just received a lot of those prime Jenny Lind & Spanish Segars, March 20. THOS RAWLINS. 75 BUSHELS DRIED PEACHES, for sale KEYES & KEARSLEY. January 30. MACCARONI and SALAD OIL for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

Hewett's Devisees, thence with the said line to the beginning; the cross line, to be a right line; to be run so as to make the other two lines of equal length.

Thems.—One, third. Lash, the balance in two equal payments, at six and twelve months, with interest from day of sale, deferred payments to be secured by bonds of the purchaser, and title to be retained until all of the purchaser money, and interest is paid; or should the purchaser desire it, title to be conveyed, and a Deed of Trust given on the premises sold, at the cost of the purchaser to secure the deferred payments and interest

R. H. LEE, Com.

June 5, 1855.

Virginia, Jefferson County, Sct: In the County Court, June Rules, 1855. At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the said Court, on the first Monday in June, 1855. in the Breed, AGAINST

AGAINST

Abram H. Haines and Thos. W. Keyes, Defendants.
IN CHANCERY

THE object of this suit is to obtain a decree for the amount due from the Defendant to the Plaintiff, and to attach the Estate and effects of the Defendant, Abram H. Haines, and all debts due him, so that the same may be ferthcoming and liable to the further order of the Court.

It appearing by satisfactory evidence that the Defendant, Haines, is not a resident of this State, he is hereby required to appear within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest. And it is further ordered that this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in some newspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court that this order be published once a work of the court successive weeks, in some nowspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this county, on the first day of the next term of this Court.

A Copy Teste.

WHITE, pq.,

T. A. MCORE, Clerk.

UNDER the Act of Congress approved the 3d day of March, 1855, those persons who have received 40 acres of Bourley Land are entitled to an additional acres of Bourty Land are entitled to an additional amount of 120 acres.

Those persons who have received 80 acres are entitled to 80 acres additional.

Those persons who have not heretofore been entitled to Land, and whose service has been 14 days or less than 30 days, are entitled to 180 acres.

Those persons who have been in actual battle, or any engagement any time less than 50 days, are entitled to 180 acres. Those Revolutionary Officers and Soldiers who have never received Bourty Land from the United States, are entitled to 160 acres. If dead, their Wid; Seamen, Teamsters and Indians who have been in Service during the existence of War, are entitled to 160 acres of Land.

For all correct information and proof of service and obtainment of claims, address, (postage paid,) or

call in person upon WM. W. B. GALLAHER, Free Press Office, or JOHN S. GALLAHER, Washington, D. C. GEORGE W. CASTLEMAN,

SURVEYOR AND ENGINEER, WILL attend strictly to LAND SURVEYING AND ENGINEERING, and prepare to order TOPOGRAPHICAL FARM MAPS, LEVELING DAGRAMS, &c. Calculations, Reports of Survey, &., made and returned without delay.

Alfred Castleman, of Clarke County.

John Louthan, do do do.

Col. D. S. Bonhain, do do do.

Col. D. Morgan, do do do.

Col. D. S. Bonhain, do do do.

Col. D. S. Bonhain, do do do.

Col. D. S. Bonhain, do do do. Col. B. Morgan, do do do Dr. R.J. McCandly, Winchester Va. Berryville, May 8, 1855-3m. N order that my Terms for Tuition may be dis-

rided; in the meantime pupils will be attended at heir own homes.

No Pupil shall have more than three English Studies at one time, besides Reading, Writing and spelling.

C. HOGAN.

Charlestown, April 17, 1855. A PRIMARY or Preparatory School of high order, to be conducted by a Teacher highly recommended, will be opened in this Town in July! the number of Pupils will be limited to twenty eight or thirty, and the course of instruction will embrace all the English branches, the Latin and Greek Languages, and Al-gebra. Pupils will be received and further informaon given at THIS OFFICE. N.B.—Those wishing to patronize the School should call early, as the contemplated number of pupils is

MCCARTY DAGUERREOTYPES, FOR ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARDS. A LL Persons who desire a Perfect Likeness of themselves or friends, must call at the McOAR TY DAGUERREIAN ROOMS, in Charlestown a "Jerrenson Hall," any time between now and the "JEFFERSON HAEL," any time between the 15th of June.

The Proprietor is a perfect master of the art, having spaired to dalor or expense in perfecting himself in it. He feels confident his PICTURES will meet the approbation of this community. He respectfully invites the Public to call and examine his Specimens.

(13-No Daguerrectype taken overafter leaving the Room, without an additional charge of 50 Cents.

Charlestown, May 22, 1855.

Charlestown, May 22, 1855. FASHIGNABIE HATS'

FOR SPRING:

STRANGERS visiting the city will find an excellent assortment of HATS of every description of style, quality and kind at J.L. McPHAIL & BRO'S, Fashionable Hat Establishment,

No. 139 Baltimore Street

Fashionable Hat Establishment,
No. 132, Baltimore Street,
Between Calvert and North;
Next to the Office of the
Baltimore Chipper.

JAS. L. McPHAIL & BRO. have just opened a
full assortment of STRAW GOODS, for gentlemen,
Youths and Children, consisting of HATS and CAPS,
in great variety of style and finish.

439 Our Prices will be found as low as, any other
establishment.

[May 8, 1855.

THE Farmers can be supplied with John Glaize's celebrated "Spring Tooth Horse Rakes," at the Charlestown Depot. They are well known and approved by the tarmers of this and the adjuining counties. Mr. H. M. Baker says—"I used your Rake a day and a half and sold the rakings for Twenty-Five Dollars." The Rake can be had at the Depot at Maker's prices.

E. M AISQU'TH.

JAMES E. JOHNSON,
BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTURER, JAMES E. JOHNSON,
BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTURER,
(in the Store Room adjoining Dr.
Raum's residence, opposite the Post Office,) has just received his Spring and Summer BOOTS AND SHOES, embracing every style and size; selected with great care expressly for this market. The public are invited to examine his stock, as he is fully satisfied it will compare favorably with that of any other establishment.

Custom work made to order, on short notice, in the most fashionable style and durable manner.

April 10, 1855—tf

7000 FEET of POPLAR PLANK: If not sold before the 18th of May, I will sell it on that day at public auction at the Depot, at Charlestown, on a May 1, 1955. THOS. C. GREEN. BOOKS! BOOKS!!

HE attention of the reading public is called to the llowing list of books lately received:

Prior's Goldsmith; 4 vols.

Fern Leaves 1st 2d series;
O'Meara's Voice from St. Helena;
Autobiography of Chas. Caldwell, Md.
Goodrich's History of all Nations, 2 vols. Goodrich's History of Nelly Bracken; History of Braddock's Expedition; Select Writings of Robt. Chambers, 4 vols. Salt Water Bubbles; Life of Boone; Wood's recollections of the Stage; Romance of American Landscape; Longfellow's Poets and Poetry of Europe; Read's Poems;

Rend's Foems;
Things in Am'rica by Chambers;
Frost's Pictorial United States;
Schoolcraft's Thirty Years with the Indians, and many others, which are worth looking at. For sale Charlestown, April 24, 1855. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Thomas B. Washington are hereby requested to make immediate payment; and those having demands against said estate will present them properly proven.

REBECCA J. WASHINGTON,

RICHARD B. WASHINGTON,

Mach 127, 1855.

Administrators.

A TEACHER WANTED.

THE Public School of District No. 8., will need a good, competent TEACHER on the 1st of April next None but those who are fully qualified need apply. I shall myself examine each applicant, and must be entirely satisfied of their capacity.

L. P. W. BALCH,

L. P. V. BALCH,
School Commissioner of District No. 8.

March 13, 1855—th.

TAKE NCTICE.

HAVING sold out the Office of the Spirit of Jefferson, solely for the purpose of closing up its old hasiness, it is hoped-every one who is in any wise indebted previous to the lat of July last, will sow come forward and pay what they know to be due. Many can save to us the expense and translet of visiting their houses in person, by sending the small pittaned by mail or other anse mode—but come it must, by some means.

September 19, 1854. THE LITTLE GIANT, the wonder of the world, will be exhibited at the sale of Mr. G. W. Ranson on Thursday next.

E. M. AISQUITH.

WHITE BEANS, Black Eyed Peas, and Hom iny fersale by H. L. EBY & SON.

BACON.

April 17, 1255.

April 17, 1255.

JERE, HARRIS.

Merchant Mills, two of which are river mills and a water communication, enabling the proprietor to do liver from 500 to 1000 bushels a day; it also as a GRAZ ING FARM has the advantage of an almost an interest of range back of the place, and between it will also be the fidge Mountain, distant about a mile, &c.

The improvements consist of a BRICK DWELFALLING und all necessary DUT BUILDINGS, such as STABLING, ICE HOUSE, &c., situated and on eminence, remarkable for its healthfulness, with three unfailing springs of soft WATER within a few yards of the building—Shanonists

in the state of the minence, remarkable for its healthfulness, with three unfailing springs of soft WATER within a few yards of the building. Shanondale Spring and Furnace within 2 miles and South Bend Forge I mile, also two Saw Mills from a half to 1½ miles of the premise are some of the advantages.—The Alexandria, Landoun & Hamshire Railcoad has been located within a mile of this farm and will greatly enhance its value.

As the undersigned has a favorable opportunity to invest, he will cellit great hargain in the above property. Application to the subscriber on the premises or by letter through the Charlestown or Harpers-Ferry Post Office will be promptly attended m.

NATHANIEL W. MANNING.

Dec. 19, 1853.

FIRST-RATE LIMESTONE LAND son County, Va., containing 256 ACRES, 156 eleared and under good fencing, and the balance in TIM-BER. This Land is as productive as any in the county of Jefferson, and well watered. It is within two miles of the Shenandonh river, any the A. L. H. Railroad will run within one mile of it. A more particular description is descripted in the county of the county of the county of the county of Jefferson, and well watered. It is within two miles of the county of t the A. L. H. Railroad will run within one mile of R. A more particular description is deemed unnecessary as persons wishing to purchase will view the premises before purchasing. The Farm will be shown and terms made known by F. A. Lewis, living near Kabletown, in Jefferson co, or on application, postage paid, to the undersigned at Mobile, Alabama. If the above property is not seld privately before the 16th day of July; 1855, it will then be offered at Public Sale on that day, before the Court House in Charlestown.

ARTHUR F. HOPKINS.

Feb. 6, 1855.-ta. - months and the other THE subscribers would return their sincere thanks
To the Furmers and the public generally, for their
liberal encouragement during the past season,
and hope by strict attention to business to insure a
continuance in the future. From the extraordinary liberal encouragement during the past season, and hope by strict attention to business to insure a continuance in the future. From the extraordinary demand for our justly celebrated.

PATENT PREMIUM THRESHER, CLEANER

AND BAGGER,
we have prepared for the coming season the largest assortment of Threshers and Powers in the State, including our improved Tombling Shaft Geer Horse Power and Cleaner—the only Separator the farmer can with safety place in the hands of his servants. It has but one small strop about the whole machine, and we warrant it to thresh more grain and break and waste less than any other Separator now in use with the same number of hands and horses, we also make hem with straps, equalled by no strap machine in the country. Also, the very best simple Thresher and Sanker with Tombling Shaft or Strop.

Our Stock consists of the following sizes; and their prices at the Shop, viz:
Largest size for 8 and 16 Horses, 26 inch

Cylender:

Power for saire,

With Strop, and with Tombling Shaft and

Gears on Thresher, extra,

Second size 30 inch Thresher, for 6 and 8

Horses;

Power for same.

Horses,
Power for same,
With Strop and with Tombling Shaft,

Third size for 4 and 6 horses, Thresher, With Tombling Shaft, extra, We also make simple Threshers and Shakers as follows: For S and 10 horses, For 6 and 8 horses, And for 4 and 6 horses,

And for 4 and 6 horses,

These Machines are all completed with wrenches, &c., and ready for operation when sent away from the Shop, and we will further say to the farmer that we have calculated our Powers for this season so that the horses if desired will walk slower than to any other Machine now in use. We also make a very superior two horse WAGON to carry the Cleaner upon; which we will furnish to purchasers at a low price. We are also making a very superior
WHEAT DRILL, WITH COMPOST ATTACH.

WHEAT DRILL, WITH COMPOST ATTACH.

MENT,

which we warrant not equalled by any, other Seeder now in use for the simplicity and durability of its construction. This Machine should be in the passession of every farmer who area Guano se any similar fertilizer, as it will save one hair the Guillo sown the conimon way, and better insure a crop. This has been so thoroughly tested by many of our most practical farmers that it only required a trial of the met skeptical to convince them of its utility, and we respectfully invite all who, want either of the above machines to give us a call and examine our stock.

stock.
All work sent out warranted to be made in the strongest and most durable manner.
All orders addressed to the undersigned will receive immediate attention.
ZIMMERMAN & CO

Commissioner in Chancery of the Circu and County Ocurt of Jewerson County Of Fick in the Court-Rouse, (up stairs,) in the room for many years occupied as an office! I the late Rost. Wosthinsoron, Esq.

Entrance (except on Court days) at the cast doo, July 11, 1854—if

MANTUA-MAKING.

MISS REBECCA J. BARRITT would inform the Ladies of Charleatown and vicinity, that she havreceived from Baltimore, the latest SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS, and respectfully invites a call from the public. She is prepared to execute all work entrusted to her care, and we rants it to be done in the most fashionable style. By devoting her whole attention to business, she hopes to merit a share of the public patronage. Her rooms are at the residence of Mrs. Mary E. Davis.

April 24, 1855—3t.—F. P. copy-

MRS. MARY E. DAVIS respectfully informs her customers, and the public generally, that she has returned from the C ty, and solicits their attention to her Bonnets, Flowers, and Silks, which are of the latest and most fashionable style. She returns her thanks for past encouragement, and feels confident by giving her undivided attention to business, she will merit a continuance of the same.

Her residence is in the western part of the town, one door south of Mr. Howell's.

April 24, 1855—31.—19 P copy.

PAPER WAREHOUSE,
NO. 5 SOUTH CHARLES STREET,
BALTIMORE.

JAMES S. ROBINSON has in store, for sale
Manufactory Prices, PRINTING, WRITING AND
WRAPPING PAPER, PRINTERS' CARDS, BOX,
BONNET AND STRAW BOARDS, and will purchase for cash, RAGS, CANVAS, ROPE, WASTE
PAPER, &c., &c. [October 10, 1854-6m] W. E have on hand a large Stock of Goods; consisting of Heavy Twilled and Plain Lineays, Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets and Carpets, which we will exchange for Wool on as fair terms as any other Factorics. change for Wool as and Bacon, will also be taken in exchange for goods. KABLE & JOHNSTON.

June 5, J855.—3t

ATKINS' SE'AF-RAKING REAPER.

THE subscriber is authorized to sell the above REAPERS for the next harves. These machines are gotton up c apressly for the harvest of 1855, with all the faults and objections of those last year overcome, and the machine altogether stronger and better. For particulars call and see those just received at the Charlestown Depot. I have engaged competent men to put together and art such machine, and will exhibit one atom Superior Court.

Map 10. 1355.

E. M. AISQUITH.

WEAPERS, REAPERS.

and Lordoun, that we have the sole Agency for the sale of McCormick's REAPER. Farmers who wish to secure one of those celebrated Respers would do well to leave their orders before the first of April—The Respers and Mowers of 1855 are warranted to be the best Pachine of the kind in the United States,

Jan. 9, 1855. ZIMMERMAN & CO. Tre undersigned intends to open in A F sundersigned intends to open in South Boli-ear, a WOOD AND LUMBER YARD, would in-furn his friends and the public generally, that his dow, John Avis, Ja., is authorized to sunduct said

business for measmy agent. \* IOHN AVIS, Sa. April 17, 2855.—tf. QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE. AND STONE VARE.

HAVE jus' received a handsome assortment of Queens, Glass, and Stoneware;
Two Tea sets Liverpool China;
which I vill sell cheap.
May 15, 1855.

T. RAWLINS.

A. L'GHT WAGON, saitable for either ope or two horses. It is nev? and made of the best mate-rial, and finished in the most complete manner. Jan. 30, 1863-tf. THOS. W. DAVIS.

IN addition to my former stock of GARDEN SEEDS, have received of Samuel ault & Son;
ONION SETS: EARLY SPINACH,
LONG GEANGE CARROT:
EWEET MARJORAM; PUMPKIN SEED
and YUSCORARA CORN.
Flarch 20. THOS. RAWLINS.

Three 22.

LUMBER.

5000 FEFF 1 inch Plank;
5000 Gondolo Ribs; en hand at the Depot Blarch 27.

NEW GUGDS.

JOHN D. LINE is now receiving and opening a large stock of Seping and Sommer Goods, Harden 22 generally to call and examine them.

April 24, 1855.

My heart's dear pain, My hopes, and thy derision, Florence Vane. The ruin, lone and hoary,

The ruin old Where thou didst bark my story, At even told,-That spot—the hues Elysian
Of sky and plain— I treasure in my vision. Florence Vane.

Thou wast lovelier than the roses In their prime; Thy voice excell'd the closes of sweetest rhyme: Thy heart was as a river

Florence Vane. But, fairest coldest, wonder! ] Thy glorious clay Lieth the green sod under— Alas, the day! And it boots not to remember

Would I had loved thee never,

Without a main.

To quicken love's pale ember, Florence Vane, The lilies of the valley By young graves weep, The daisies love to dally Where maidens sleep;

May their bloom, in beauty vying,

Where thine earthly part is lying, Florence Vane!

#### Miscellaneous From the Petersburg Express, June 28.

SUICIDE OF F. C. STAINBACK.

Of the many sad occurrences which fall under the journalist's notice, perhaps the article we are called upon to publish to-day is one of the most grievous, when we look upon the cause as the self-destruction of a man in the prime of life, in health and vigor of body, and seemingly ordinary power of mind. When we contemplate the act of determined suicide of such a man, by which he leaves in deep distress a family of six children, young, beautiful and good, and an affectionate wife, and leaves to a queer world a licence to comment upon his self-destroying act in every form the world's mind will so strangely imagine. When we consider all these things, we repeat that we and the community generally of this city, were pained and grieved to hear yesterday, as the first news of the day, the awful suicide of Francis Charles Stainback.

Perhaps no man in this city was better known than

Charles Stainback.

Perhaps no man in this city was better known than the above. In probity, honorable transactions, and business dealings he was equalled by few, and as a shrewd calculator regarding the changes and uncertainties in the commercial world, and as a man who well knew how to foresee and profit in business dealings by the state of various markets, he could not perhaps be equal. ed by another man in this city. His age was about 45 he was of a quick temperament, fond of excitement, sure in his calculations, and his deductions on all matters evinced an uncommon power of mentally weighing the scale of chances so as to make his opinion almost gene-rally one worthy of claiming attention. In a word, he was one of those men who love to have their hands full of affairs so as to keep them in constant excitement. THE DAY PREVIOUS TO HIS SUICIDE.

During a portion of Tuesday, he was in town at business in his capacity of Flour Inspector, both at his store on Bollingbrook street and in other parts of the city.—
He saw a number of persons on business matters but seemed rather to prefer being alone, and while talking seemed rather to prefer being alone, and while talking to others on business transactions, a prior object of greater mental interest seemed to be working in his mind. He appeared less excited and interested on general affairs than usual, and looked as if he had some hard mental problem to solve, to the labor of which he desired to be left alone. On that day he saw Mr. F. Pace and told him that the store he had been preparing ou Old street was a great deal of trouble to him. He also wished to know if the doors and windows could not be replaced as formerly. To other persons his discourse was abrupt, he would make a quick remark and then walk up and down as if in deep thought.

walk up and down as if in deep thought. In the afternoon he went home to his residence on the hill side in Blandford. Some of his children were at hill side in Blandford. Some of his children were at home, and his wife was absent in the country, but expected back daily. He gave some orders to his servants relative to house keeping affairs, seemed to look with anxiety for the cars from City Point, and to those who saw him he appeared calmer than usual, as if he had made up his mind for some object and resolved not to allow any thing to turn his main attention away from it. A person called to see him, and he sent a message that he could attend to no further business that day. He also sent to a neighbor's for one of his little daughters, and took her in his arms and hugged her with an unusual degree of affection. He gave her a piece of money to amuse her. He told the servant he did not need any linner, and would not have anything till his wife came

ACTIONS JUST BEFORE COMMITTING SUICIDE.

In the evening he was in his room very busy writing letters at a small writing table, and remained so employed till late in the night. The members of the family present retired about the usual hour, about 10 o'clock, and soon no lights could be seen anywhere around except in the bed room of the deceased. Having written a newber of letters, he took off his coat, vest and boots, md as if to think whether there were any other points he had to make note about, he threw himself carelessly upon his bed as if to think and not to sleep or rest.

Having arranged all as he thought for the regulation of matters after his death, he took two small single barrel pocket pistols, a four bladed knife and a razor and descended into the cellar by a stair case from the dining descended into the cellar by a stair case from the dining room. Here he divested himself of his pantaloom and laid them by behind a box partly filled with bran. He next got into this bran box, and must have used the penknife partly for wounding himself, as it was cast aside clotted with blood, as were also the two pistols neither of which had been discharged. He grasped the razor and the first wound inflicted upon himself was a circular cut of about four or five inches in the abdomen from which the intentines protruded and fell on the bran in the box. Finding that this would not terminate his ex-

which the intentines protruded and fell on the bran in the box. Finding that this would not terminate his ex-istence speedily, he applied the razor to his throat, and made a most feaful gash nearly from ear to ear, by which death was caused almost instantaneously. DISCOVERY AND APPEARANCES OF THE BODY. By early dawn yesterday morning a female servant came to the collar to get some bran for the cow, and stooping dewn to get some she saw the body of her master. She ran away terrified and screaming "My God! Massa Charles is dead!" proceeded to alarm the neighborhood. A number of persons came and saw that the body was cold in death and had been so for a few hours; it was left in that state till a jury should be summoned. At 10 o'clock, Coroner J. Davidson and the jurors examined and recognized the body. It lay in the bran box on its right side with limbs and arms bent up rigid in death. The left hand was firmly clinched, while the right hand held the razor in a manner to give the holder death. The left hand was firmly clinched, while the right hand held the razor in a manner to give the holder great pewer over the blade. The right side of the body was all covered with clotted blood and a portion of the bowels lay near the body. The whole aspect showed that the suicide had been perpetrated with much pain and a resolution not to be baulked.

On the body were a pair of draware cleakings, chief

and a resolution not to be banked.

On the body were a pair of drawers, stockings, shirt and inside shirt, and round the waist was tied a black silk neckerchief, which upon being loosed disclosed three sealed letters carefully directed, one to L. E. Stainback, his son, one to R. G. Alfriend, Esq., and one Samuel Ridenour, and S. W. Patterson. Stainback, his son, one to it.

to Francis Pace, Esq.

Eleven jurors with Mr. C. T. Scott as foreman were summoned by Officer Peterson and no testimony could be adduced other than such facts as already stated above.

be adduced other than such facts as already stated above. The letter to the son was opened and was merely one giving him good advice for leading a moral and honorable life in the world. Mr. R. G. Alfriend opened the one addressed to him, and informed the jury that it was solely of a business nature and made no allusion as to why the deceased had committed suicide.

The letter to Mr. F. Pace was written as if by a thick quiff, and in the cover were two small notes relative to

The letter to Mr. F. Pace was written as if by a thick quill, and in the cover were two small notes relative to business transactions between them. The outside letter was read to the jury, and may yet be published. It was well couched in friendly terms, requesting Mr. Pace to see to the welfare and advising of deceased's son. It also stated that many persons might think he (deceased) had lost by gambling, and called God to witness that such was not the case, and that for a number of years back he had lost nothing by cards or betting. It also recommended an honest, upright business, and that if a young man went into business with \$100 capital he should not involve himself in debt, &c., beyond that amount, and the same way if with \$1000, &c. The letter also spoke against the practice of betting, however sure a party might be of winning, as let the sum won by betting be any possible amount, one tenth of such gained by business industry would be far more advantageous and go better. In this letter was pasted a printed advertisement of Fox, the great clothier, in New York, which shows how he began business poor and was now by industry a weatthy man. And it also stated that the very name of being addicted to betting injured a man's reputation for business. The letter in no way the very name of being addicted to betting injured a man's reputation for business. The letter in no way alluded to the suicide, but its tenor gave all to understand that the writer penned it firmly resolved never again to see the party to whom it was addressed.

The enquiry having closed the jurors brought in a verdict that the deceased, Francis Charles Stainback, had come to his death by "Suicide."

There were a number of friends and acquaintances of deceased present at the inquest, and after jurors had seen the body, it was duly prepared for interment (which will possibly take place this day.) It seems that on the day before the suicide he wrote letters to friends and other parties.

of forgotten. The execution of a woman in nlightened times in which our criminal code on to such an extent ameliorated, must lead evise our opinions,—Boston Allas.

subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals trom the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional fraud THE HANGING OF WOMEN. In a neighboring State a woman found guilty, after patient trial, of the crime of deliberate murder, has been sentenced to death. All the evidence which we have seen tends to show that this unfortunate creature is terribly and hopelessly mad; but of course the Court, the Judges and the Executive bave better opportunities than ours of judging of the woman's moral responsibility. There is something, however, very startling in this hanging of a ing, however, very startling in this hanging of a oman. It stirs our pity, it outrages our sense of anliness, it grates upon a certain feeling which it sons, husbands, brothers, fathers own. Woen are purer than we think them, and compared the our base natures, they are wholly beautiful—hat one of these, so capable of a lofty life, so arded by nature from impurity, should sink to a degradation, must be inexpressibly painful to least sensitive nature. It has not been comon, at any time, in any civilized country, to exempte the women for murder, because murderous women are not been common. The poor creatures, hose names fill up the Newgate Calendar, went their dread account, mostly for the crime of taking a little bread, or a yard of cloth, or some the trifle; although grim and terrible infanticide for which they were hardly responsible—must be forgotten. The execution of a woman in anlightened times in which our criminal code

RULES AND REGULATIONS,

Totake effect on and aften the 1st of May, 1854.

For marriage announcements, no charge will be made. made.

Obituary notices not exceeding six lines will be inserted gratis. The excess above that number of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at advertising rates.

All communications designed to promote the per-

rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at advertising rates.

All communications designed to promote the personal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual advertising rates. Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted.

All advertisements forwarded by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deducting the commission.

Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advertising rates. Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisements will be subcet to the regular advertising rates.

Ca Tranellers.

The Busi ness Mans' Column.

7 8 9 10 11 12 13 5 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 5

23 29 30 31 2 3 6 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 6 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 6 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 6

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29 30 5 5 10 . . . 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 4 58 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 4 51 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 4 47

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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 4 46 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 4 50 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 4 55

16 17 18 19 20 21 22 5 6

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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 3 6 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 6

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18 19 20 21 22 23 24 5 7

COURT DAYS. CIRCUIT COURTS.
Seventh District—Thirteenth Circuit.

Frederick District—Thirteenth Circuit.

BICHARD PARKER, JUDGE.

Frederick June 15, November 15.

Clarke May 12, October 12.

Hampshire April 10, September 10.

Berkeley April 27, September 27.

Morgan May 6, October 6.

Jefferson May 18, October 18.

Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit.

JOHN KINNEY, JUDGE.
Warren.....March 30, August 30.

Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page. April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15.

MONTHLY COURTS. Frederick-Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Berkeley—Second Monday.

Berkeley—Second Monday.

Jefferson—Third Monday.

Clarke—2d Monday in June and 4th Monday

DISTRICT COURT.

RICHARD H. FIELD,

QUARTERLY COURTS.

Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March,
June, August and November.

Berkeley—2d Monday in March, June, August and

Jefferson—3d Monday in March, June, August and

Clarke-4th Monday in February, May, July and

Morgan.-4th Monday in March, June, Augustand

Hampshire—4th Monday in March, June, August

and November.
Loudoun—2d Monday in March, June, August and

Shenandoah—Monday beforé 2d Tucsday in March, June, August and November.

CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES.

Braxton Davenport, Presiding justice; Thos. W. Keys, David Fry, John Keplinger, nd William H.

Braxton Davenport, George B. Beall, J. F. Smith John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

APRIL.

B. Davenport, J. Moler, L. Osbourn, H. N. Galla-

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-

Braxton Davenport, Charles H. Lewis, John Avis, Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey.

Braxton Davenport, T. W. Keyes, D. Fry, J. Kep-

AUGUST.

SEPTEMBER. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Israel Russell

OCTOBER

NOVEMBER.

DECEMBER.

Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham.

Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor

Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock.

Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock,

March and August are the Jury Terms. When a vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place

assigned his predecessor. Sincet e classification in 1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence

U. S. OFFICERS.

President,
FRANKLIN PIERCE.
President of the Senate,
DAVID R. ATCHISON,

PRESIDENT'S CABINET, Secretary of State—WM. L. MARCY, of New York.

Secretary of Treasury—James Guthrie, of Ky.
Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C.
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi
Secretary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich.
Postmaster General—James Campbell, of Pa.
Allorney General—Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts

STATE OFFICERS.

Copying Clerk—WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts—G. W. CLUTTER.
Second Auditor—James L. Jackson.
Treasurer—J. B. Stovall.
Register of the Land Office—S. H. Parker.
Librarian—George W. Munford.
Superintendant of the Penitentiary—C. S. Morgan.
Gen'l Ag'tor Storekeeper of Penitry—J. C. Spotts.
The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

Governor—JOSEPH JOHNSON.
Lieutenant-Governor—SHELTON F. LEAKE.
Altorney General—WILLIS P. BOCOCK.
Adjutant General—WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON.
Assistant Clerk—P. F. HOWARD.

raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

MARCH. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn,

Joseph-Welshans, and H. N. Gallaher.

her, and J. Welshans.

linger, and Wm. H. Turk.

M. Helm, and J. F. Hamtramck.

of removals from the District.

RICHARD PARKEE,

JOHN KINNEY.

GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals.

LUCAS P. THOMPSON, Circuit Courts

Shenandoah-Monday before 2d Tuesday.

Warren—Third Monday. Morgan—Fourth Monday.

November.

ter on the 15th day of December.]

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Rises. Sets.

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GILBERT'S HOTEL, At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform
the community and travelling public that he has
taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot
formerly kept by Mr. John Cos, dec'd. The House
has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every
respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

journer.

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supplied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests comfortable.

(G-Boarders taken by the week, month or year. BARNET GILBERT. BARNET THE BARNET OF THE Undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. Gilbert to the patrons of the House whilst under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853.

JAMES W. COE.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley o Virginia.
The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and

Laquors.
Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will know y visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will never a retainable conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

July 9, 1850.

Proprietor.

RAWLINS' HOTEL,
Corner of Queen and Burk streets,
MARTINSBURG, VA.
THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform
the community and travelling public that he has
taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley
House." The House has recently undergone athorough
renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any addi

tional expense. . JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852-1y Proprietor. BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, monthor year. HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the

HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this Hotel is now renovated and improved for a better and enlarged accommodation for travellers during summer. With the late improvements and a determined perseverance, no effort or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in every respect, to the invalid or to comforts and accommodations, equal to any Hotel in the Valley. The TABLE shall be furnished with the best rom this and TABLE shall be furnished with the best rom this and Baltimore markets. DINNER always ready on the arrival of the Baltimore daily cars, and ample time given for passengers to dine here, before the cars leave for Winchester or Baltimore. Passengers stopping here to view our bold romantic mountain scenery may rest assured they will be well cared for during their stay. A cal is most respectfully solicited, to enable the travelling public to judge for themselves.

M. CARRELL.

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854. Composed of the Culpeper, Albemarle, Rockingham and Frederick Districts—sits annually in Winches-Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854.

A CARD.

IN consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charles next, our terms for boarding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Boarders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as heretoforc. G. W. SAPPINGTON,

ISAAC N. CARTER. December 27, 1853. AGENCY FOR CLAIMS.

AT WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. November.
Fauquier—4th Monday in March, May, August and November.
Hardy—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, June, August and November.
Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and THE undersigned, who has been in the above busi ness for several years, beg leave to tender hisservices to all persons having claims against the General Government, particularly to the surviving Sol diers, or to their Widows or Children of the war o 1812, also the Florida War, the Revolutionary War, or to those who have lost Horses in the Florida or Mexican Wars. His long experience, having been employed as a clerk for several years in the Pension Office, enables him more fully to investigate all The following is the classification of the Magistrates of Jefferson county, which was made in Auclaims, not only against that Department, but in all the departments of the Government. He thinks that gust, 1852, and continues until the expiration of he can procure for all those who Served one month of their terms, determines who shall compose the County Court each month. It will be found useful for who have received 40 acres of land, 160 acres. Suspended claims of all kinds particularly attend-

Revolutionary Soldiers who served any time, their Widows, or Children, are entitled to pensions or His charges will be moderate. He respectfully refers to each delegation in Congress for his capacity and honesty.

All communications post-paid.

Jan. 16, 1855—6m. THOMAS LUMPKIN.

THE undersigned having made arrangements to sell his Store-House and Dwelling to the U. S. Government, will sell his—

STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT COST. B. Davenport, G. B. Beall, J. F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT COST.

Those wishing to get CHEAP GOODS, FOR CASH, will please give an early call, where they will find a large Stock and well asscride, suited to the present and approaching season. The public are requested to call, examine, and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON.

Harpers-Ferry, November 21, 1854—tf TURNPIKE NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that the annual subscriptions for the use of the Berryville & Charlestown Turnpike, expired on the first of November, and that contracts to the first of October, 1855, may

be made by application to the Treasurer, or to Thos A. Moore, at Charlestown. The Toll Gatherers are instructed to allow no one to pass the Gates without payment of tolls till contracts for the ensuing year To be charged persons who come on and leave the Turn pike at the Kabletown and Summit Point Forks: For every—
Horse to a Wagon 4 cents.
Single Horse Cart 61 "
Double " do 8 "

these rates. four inches wide half

Do Carriage 15 " Single horse do 10 " Round trip. Single Horse do 10

Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule....3

20 Sheep or Horse 61

By order of the Board:

JOHN D. RICHARDSON,

November 21, 1854—tf [F.P.] Treasurer CANDLES CANDLES!!!

The undersigned would take this method to inform their friends, and the purchasing community generally, that they have established a CANDLE MAN-UFACTORY, AT HARPERS FERRY, and have now a large quantity of the best quality of MOULD CANDLES (is and so) ready for sale, and would solicit orders from those in want of the same.

They purchase the materials for CASH; have the most experienced workmen employed in manufacturing; and deem it no boasting when they say, that Merchants and others desirous of purchasing by the box, or larger quantity, will find it to their advantage to call on them, before purchasing elsewhere.

(13-Orders are solicited, and will be filled at the shortest notice and lowest rates.

D. SEIGLE & CO. Harpers-Ferry, October 31, 1854. CANDLES!!!

Harpers-Ferry, October 31, 1854. 03-WANTED—for which the market price will be paid in Cash, or No. 1 Mould Candles—10,000 lbs. of D. S. & CO.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned have purchased the exclusive Right of E. S. Snyder for the Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning, Bagging Grain Machine, for Jefferson County.

This celebrated Machine was awarded the highest premium over all Separating and Cleaning Machines at the World's Fair, New York. These Machines can be had by applying to G. Glaze, Frederick City, Md., by giving a few day's notice, and paying us ten dollais on each Machine brought into the County for operation, in any part of the County; the money to be paid by the said owner of the above mentioned Machine in this county.

The largest size Machine for 6 and 8 horses \$310; for 6 horses, all complete and ready for operation \$300. Shop price.

JOSEPH G. & L. W. PACKETT.

March 6, 1855. 6m. [F.P.] NOTICE.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. SCOT'S LITTLE GIANT

CORN AND COB MILL, Patented May 16th,
and economy; manufactured of the following sizes

1854. The greatest known invention for utility and economy; manufactured of the following sizes and prices: No. 2 at \$44; No. 3 at 55; and No. 4 at \$66; being the cost prices, and furnished at the same by the subscriber, Agent for Robbins & Bibb, the sole Proprietors for Maryland and Virginia, No. 2, One-horse Power Mill, will Crush and Grind ten bushels per hour.

No. 3, Two-horse Power Mill will Crush and Grind fifteen bushels per hour.

No. 4, Two-horse Power Mill will Crush and Grind twenty bushels per hour, as coarse or fine as may be desired. Persons wishing the Little Giant will be furnished at the above rates, by addressing E. M. AISQ UITH, Agent, April 3, 1855.

NEW GOODS. I am receiving my supply of Spring and Summer Goods, selected with care in the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets.

April 17, 1865

tenth étand dift distribution of the Art-Union Society.

500,000 GIFTS VALUED AT \$300,000.

ONE DOLLAR.

The members of the Art Union Society, on the occasion of this the tenth Distribution of the WORK OF ART,
Accumulated by the Society during the past year,
would respectfully call the attention of its patrons to
the fact that, being about to remove to the buildings
in course of erection for the Society in the city of Wash

in course of erection for the Society in the city of Wash ington, they will add the REAL ESTATE and other Landed Property belonging to the Society, to the DISTRIBUTION FOR THIS YEAR.

At the last meeting of the Society, it was determined to reduce the CERTIFICATE OF SHARE FOR THIS GRAND ENTERPRISE TO ONE DOLLAR EACH, thinking thereby that it will be the means of a more general diffusion of the works of Artistes throughout the country, and will enable the Society to extend their labors for the advancement of the ARTS AND SCIENCES

In this country. The Cirtificates of Share will be

In this country. The Cirtificates of Share will be ONE DOLLAR, Accompanying which each purchaser will receive free of charge, by return mail, a beautiful Line and Stipple Engraving, entitled

Stipple Engraving, entitled

THE ENCAMPMENT AT VALLEY FORGE,
Representing an Eventful Period in the History of
Our Country.

By It will be seen, by refering to the list, that
there are many Valuable Pieces of Property, many
Costly Paintings, Superb Statuary, Beautiful Engravings, Costly Jewelry, Magnificient Shawls, and
other Beautiful Gifts such as Clocks, Watches, Illuminated Works, &c., to the number of Five Hun
dred Thousand—worth \$300,000.

As the Society expects to remove to the New Hall
at Washington by the middle of June, the distribution will take place on the

at Washington by the middle of June, the distribution will take place on the
FIRST OF JULY, 1855.

The same rules and regulations that have heretofore guided the Society's distributions will be adhered to in this, and on no account will there be any
postponement from the day named. All letters and
communications, (post paid) for cirtificate, or on
business, are to be addressed to the
SOUTHERN OFFICE IN BALTIMORE,
Directed to the Secretary, who will answer by return Directed to the Secretary, who will answer by return mail. Single subscribers remitting Ten Dollars will receive one years subscription to any of the MAGAZINES that they may name in their letter, to be forwarded free of charge for the time of subscription,

tage and Grounds at Hawk's Nest, on the 

4 sets of Diamond Jewelry-consisting of 7 pieceseach—allantique patterns, in a beautiful Pearl Jewel Box.

10 sets Pearl Jewelry, consisting of 7 pieces each, all different styles, and of Persian 

bly bound, with an ingraving of each artist 50,000 Illumintedas Albuns, different styles 

it and the Angel-Slavator Rosa 1,000 Night Viow-Claudio onna-Corregio A Head-Vandyke -Landscape—Poussin A Piece—Guiotto Battle Piece-Wouverman

Battle Piece—Wouverman

Landscape—ClaudeThere are others by the same Artistes, all original besides some Splendid Pictures by Allston, Suily, Reynolds, Neagle, Daughty, Cole, Chapman, David, Vernet, Stuart, Herbert, Tack, Bennington, Read, Bartlett, Schloss, Huntington, Johanoh, Schmidt Rembrandt, Schaub, Perkins, Lewis, Ellis, Hamilton and others fully described in the catalogue, will be forwarded on application by letter post paid will be forwarded on application by letter, post paid ot the Secretary, who will answer by return mail.
TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Clubs of 10, - - - 1 Extra Certificate.
Clubs of 20, - - 3 " "
Clubs of 50, - - - 8 " " The money in all cases to accompany the application for Certificates. LADIES FORMING CLUBS
Will be entitled to the same terms as above, with the extra inducement of the Present of a Magnificent Set of BOUDOIR FURNITURE, With Rich Colored India Hangings, fine India Lace Curtains and every-thing of the most Splended Description to the Ladies'

Club who will send the largest remittance for Certi FPOSTMASTERS are authorized to act as Agents and the Poastmaster remitting the largest amount or shares will receive a Handsome GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN, valued at Two Hundred Dollars. The money must accompany the applica-tion (by letter, post paid, in all cases' and the Cer-tificate, with the Engraving, will be forwarded free of charge by return mail. Correspondents are requested to write their address with the County, Town, Post Office and State, plainly in order to avoid mistakes. All letters answered by return mail. Catalogues of all the Gifts, with value and explana tion, can be obtained on application to the Secretary, to whom all letters for Certificates, &e., must be ad-

ALFRED JOURDAN, Secretary. A. U. S. ROOMS, 233, Montgomery st., Balt., Md. MAYNARD LEWIS, FRANCIS INCE. Directors. FRANCIS INCE, FERNANDO LIVINGSTON, T. W. BAUER, Treasurer.

DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ASCULAPIUS
Or Every one his own Physician.
THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG,

M. D. Carrier beashamed to present a copy of the Esculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius; let no one suffering from backthe Pocket Asculapius; let no one suitering from back-nied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Asculapius. Have the mar-ried or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centsen-closed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address (post-paid,) Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia August 15, 1854—1y.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having engaged in the Mercantile Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., to an examination of which they respectfully invite the attention of the public. Their motto is not large profits, but large sales. They are determined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the public confidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell. They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest prices. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their house.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the provises and tarvilles may real with the standard particular attention. they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and families may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Greeners morthly in large constitutions. ir Groceries, mostly in large quantities and al ways for cash. They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outline of their extensive stock:

e of their extensive stock:
Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;
Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths;
Bombazines, French and English Calicoes;
Brown and Bleached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslin-Shawls;

Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslin Shawls;
Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk
Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edgings;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trimmings, Bonnet Ribbons, Parasols and Umbrellas;
Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds;
Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills;
Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children; Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch
Hats of every variety;
A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery
and House furnishing materials;
Rifle and Blasting Powder;
Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass,
Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars;
Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Potatoes, Flour and
Corn Meal.

They have a choice lot of fine Liveous whereguith.

Corn Mcal.

They have a choice lot of fine Liquors, wherewith they will supply gentlemen as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities.

WALSH & BRO.

Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854—tf CANDLES.--S crm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, just received by EBY & SON

ORANGES and LEMONS for sale by
May 29 H. L. EBY & SON,

Miscellauenus.

THE undersigned has just completed, and fitted up I in the best manner, A HALL designed for

Tin the best manner, A HALL designed for FUBLIC LECTURES, CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS; &C., which is now FOR RENT upon reasonable terms. The Hall is in the centre of the town, convenient of access, 70 feet in length, and 19 in width. For further information, apply to the Proprietors of Sappington's or Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, or to August 29, 1854.

3. W. BELLER.

3. W. BELLER.

3. Our brethren of the press in the Valley, will greatly oblige us, and the favor be reciprocated a any time, by giving the above one or two insertions NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

Office of Winchester & Potomac Rail- ? Once of Windester & Potomac RansRoad Company.

On and after MONDAY the 22d inst., the 3 o'clock
A. M. Passenger Train will be discontinued and
the Passenger Train will start from Winchester at
8 o'clock and 30 minutes A. M.—returning will leave
Harpers-Ferry at 11 oclock and 30 minutes, or immediately after the arrival of the cars from Balti-NOTICE TO PASSENGERS, From Winchester to Stephenson's.....
" Wades.....
" Summit Point.... " Cameron's.....\$10 " Halltown ...... 137

From Harpers-Ferry Keys' Switch 37

""Halltown 50

""Charlestown 61 " " Canreron's, ... 523
" " " Summit Point ... 873
" " " Wides ... 112
" " Stephenson's ... 162
" " Winchester ... 200

(C3-To save troub'e and inconvenience, both to Pa fry-To save trouble and inconvenence, both to Passengers and the Conductors—a reduction of twenty-five cents on the through-fare and twelve and a half cents on the way-fare is made to Passengers WHO TAKE TICKETS.

J. GEO. REIST, P. Agent. Winchester, Feb. 6, 1855. MANASSES GAP RAILROAD.
DAILY LINE TO WINCHESTER, AND
TRI-WEEKLY TO LURAY. The Cars leave Alexandria daily at 8 o'clock, A. M. (Sunday excepted,) connecting with J. H. Kemp's Line of Stages at Piedmont, via Millwood and Paris, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Winchester; and at Wapping Station, via Front Royal, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Winchester and Tuesdays Thursdays and Fridays, for Winchester and Tuesdays Thursdays Thur ester, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,

for Luray.

Returning, leave Wapping at 10<sup>1</sup>, and Piedmont 11<sup>1</sup>, A. M., arriving at Alexandria at 2<sup>1</sup>, P. M.

13 THROUGH TICKETS to Winchester. \$3.50, to be had at the ticket office of the Orange and Alexandria. andria Railroad Company, Alexandria, and at J. H. Kemp's Stage Office, Winchester.

M. M. WELSH, Superintendent. August 8, 1854.

J. F. BLESSING.
CONFECTIONER,
Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown, and all persons visiting the same, that he has now on hand and will continue to be supplied with the latest novelties of each successive season, comprising, in part— CONFECTIONARIES, of the choicest varieties,

SUCH AS
FINE CANDY TOYS, JELLY CAKES,
BON RONS, GUM, CORDIAL, LEMON,
CHOCOLATE AND FRUIT DROPS,
ROSE, VANILLA AND BURNT ALMONDS, FRENCH AND EXPLODING SECRETS.

Also, all the common varieties—all of which will be sold at low rates, at his Confectionary Establishment, adjoining H. L. Eby & Son's Family Grocery, where he has just received FRUITS AND NUTS, of the latest importation, such as— ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS, FIGS, PRUNES, CITRONS, CURRANTS.

factured of wood, glass, china, india rubber, & Pound, Fruit, Sponge and all other kinds of Cakes, Ice Creams, Jellies, &c., made to order, and furnished to wedding and other parties on short natice in this or any of the adjoining counties. Creeks thankfully received and promptly attended to. Charlestown, November 14, 1854.

J. P. BRADY, No.13 LIGHT STREET. Has fitted up, in superior style, a RESTATRANT at the above locality, and furnished it with all the "et ceteras" of a first class establishment Good WINES, good LlQUORS, first rate CIGARS, the best EATABLES the markets afford, with the most competent and cleanly COOKS to prepare them for the table, wigether with civil and attentive WAITERS, may at all times be found at Old '76!

Baltimore, June 27, 1854—tf Baltimore, June 27, 1854.--tf

ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c., Have just received, direct from the Manufacturers, their FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, which is very darge, and has been selected with great care, parti-cularly with a view to supplying the wants of COUNTRY MERCHANTS. We respectfully invite an examination of our stock, as we are prepared to st pply the trade at prices that will compare favorably with those of the Northern [Alexandria, October 10, 1854.

IRON FOUNDRY. HE undersigned have leased the well known IRON FOUNDRY, AT HARPERS-FERRY. in the County of Jefferson, Virginia, lately occupied and worked by Hugh Gillecce. The facilities of the Lessees of procuring the best stock, and at all times, afford a guarantee to their customers of prompt and workmanlike CASTINGS. They have engaged the very best workmen and solicit the patronage of the

They are prepared to furnish all kinds of Castings, either from their own, or patterns supplied by their customers—and the prices as low as can be afforded any where in the neighborhood. F. BECKHAM & SON. Harpers-Ferry, October 3, 1854.

THE FAMOUS ENGLISH STALLION,
YOUNG DREAD.

THIS celebrated STALLION is said
to be the noblest specimen of Horse
kind ever known. His sire was imporof New York. Young dread is eight years old
weighs 1600 pounds, stands upwards of 17 hands high,
with fine limbs, possessing eminent muscular power
and grand action. His color is a beautiful blood bay,
with flowing main and tail, and is besides exceedingly gentle and submissive in temper. He can be ingly gentle and submissive in temper. He can be seen at Charlestown on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays at Abraham Isler's Mill.

PEDIGREE.

PEDIGREE.
YOUNG DREAD was sired by Saltman's Imported Horse, Sir Walter, and Sir Walter by English Eclipse Young Dread's Dame was sired by Black Prince, and Black Prince by the old imported Horse B'ack Prince. Young Dread's grand dam was sired by Wellington, Wellington by Blucher, and Blucher by Durock. The English blood possesses great power of speed, strength of muscle and vigor of constitution, which, when combined with the American blood and others, produce the best carriage and draugh Horse in the world. Farmes and others, who feel desirous of improving their breed of Horses, are raring horse in the world. Farmers and others, who feel desirous of improving their breed of Horses, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Young Dread the model horse of America.

Terms.—\$10 the Season, the money to be paid to me, or to G. W. Sappington at Charlestown.

March 27, 1854. FIELDING CALMES.

T HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING. THE Subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity that he has taken up his residence in this place, and will give his attention to HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, &c. He flatters himself that he is capacitated to execute any character of work belonging to his business, and he intends to give his undivided attention to it. He hopes by strict industriants habits, and capeful execution of all work ontrious habits, and careful execution of all work en-trusted to him, to merit a share of public patronage. March 27th, 1855—tf CALEB MASON

HALLTOWN STORE AND DEPOT. THE subscriber having taken the STORE AND DEPOT, at Halltown, and just opened a full and complete assortment of new DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and the public generally, to that branch of his business, and as he is determined not to be beautiful. of his business, and as he is determined not to b besten, either in the kind, quality or price of goods by any other Country. Store in the Country, and to leave nothing undone that can be done to render full satisfaction to the people, he hopes to meet with that liberal encouragementand upport in the Store, that he has received in the Milling business, during the past year. I have been very careful in selecting for the Ladies a nice stock of Dress Goods, of the latest style, and hope to have a call from them; also for the gentlemen, everything in the way of Dress for the gentlemen, everything in the way of Dress—and indeed, everything that is generally kept in a well furnished Country Store, can be had here on the most liberal terms.

I am also having the Depot put in order for receiving and forwarding Grain and all kinds of Country Produce, so that the Farmers in this community will find it to their interest to make this, the point at which to dispose of their produce, either by sale or transportation. ransportation.

HALLTOWN, April 24, 1855 .- 31. THE Subscriber has just received a very superior of Wagon, Carriage, Plough and Horse-Shoe Iron; Nail Rods, & GEO. W. FOX. Hall.own, May 15, 1855.

PERFUMERY.

A SUPERIOR article of German Cologne;
French Extracts, warranted genuine, the best article now in use for the Handkerchief;
Verbena and Florida Waters, for the Toilet;
for sale by
April 17, 1855. for sale by April 17, 1855. OLD BOURBON WHISKEY;

MARTELLE BRANDY;

A superior article of PORT WINE;

for sale by April 17, 1955. A PPLICA VASITES,

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

and
BLACK LACE POINTS,

for sale by

CRAMER & HAWKS.

May 1, 1855. May 1, 1855. A LARGE and superior supply of GRO-CERIES, just received by
April 17, 1855.

J. L. HOOFF.

100 BUSHELS of good Potatoes.
April 17, 1855. JERE. HARRIS. CONDALO Sides for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. TAR for sele by the barrel at the Depot.

March 27.

E. M AISQUITH.

E City Advertisements. SAUERBERG & NICOLASSEN,

PORTERS AND MANUFACTURER OF CIGARS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS, SARDINES.

BALTIMORE MD. We respectfully solicit the custom of country Mel-chanis. A well selected stock of HAVANA, GER-MAN and DOMESTIC CIGARS. French WINES and BRANDIES may be constantly found with as., which we offer to the public. AUERBERG & MICOLASSEN, October 10; 1854-1y

HENRY A. WERE.

H. A. WERE CO.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Segars, Snuff. & C., & C.

No. 14 North Howard Street; Beauty opposite the Howard House; formerly the Wheatfield Inn, Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store, October 24, 1854—17.

BALTIMORE.

J. E. HEIM. J. SICODEMUS. GEO. P. THOMAS.
HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and
Domestic Liquors, of every description.
No. 383 Bultimore street, between Paca and Eutaw sts.
Baltimore, April 12, 1853—tf SEPH HOPKINS. HOPKINS & FAIRCHILD, SUCCESSORS TO OREM & HOPKINS, MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 230 Baltimore street, Northwest corner of Charles street, BALTIMORE. A large assortment of Ready-Made CLOTHING of superior quality.

October 10, 1854—1y WM. KNADE. HENRY GAEHLE. ED. BETTS.

FIRST PREMIUM
GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTES,
KNABE, GAEHLE & CO., Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 9 EUTAW STREET,

Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 9 EUTAW STREET,
(Opposite the Eutaw House,)
would respectfully invite public attention (and particularly those in want of a superior PIANO-FORTE
at moderate price) to the extensive assortment constantly on hand at their Ware-Rooms. Our estastantly on hand at their Ware-Rooms. Our esta-blishment is now the most extensive South, number-ing over One Huadred Workmen, with a well-select-ed stock of seasoned materials, from which we are manufacturing Plano-Forets, combining the most valuable improvements known.

Our Iron Frame Piano-Fores, for which we have received FIRST PREMIUMS for three successive years, (from the Maryland Institute,) over those of Northern make, are particularly worthy of attention, being so arranged as to secure great additional strength without affecting the rone, for which our instruments have been so highly recommended by the best Professors and Amateurs throughout the

A guarantee for five years will be given with each Instrument sold by us, of our make, with privilege of exchange at any time within six months from day of sale, if not perfectly satisfactory

CARHART & NELDHAM'S PATENT MELO-DEONS constantly on hand, (an article we can re-commend.) TUNING attended to.

Baltimore, October 10, 1854-19 PRIENIX MARBLE WORKS.

/ A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets, ptember 20, 1853-1y Eastimore, M MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA MARBLE WORKS.

SOFT AND PAPER SHELLED ALMONDS,
FILBERTS, COCOA, CREAM
AND GROUND NUTS, &c.
ALSO— TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,
ery kind and from all parts of Europe, manus-HEAD AND FOOT STONES.

MANTLES, TILES, and HOUSEWORK generally Tombs enclosed in the most handsome style.

All work sold at city prices and delivered at ou sk and expense. Work done in the best style, by Torkmen not surpassed in any city in the Union. Drawings of Monuments, Tombs, Head Stones Scrolls, Sc., can be seen at the Shop of Mr. HEN-DERSON BISHOP, near the Academy, Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, who is our authorized Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. [I November 14, 1854—I y

WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER, RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

expense.

All orders thankfully received and p-omptly attend ed to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md., J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

NEW STOVE STORE, No. 29 Light-st., near Lombard,

BALTIMORE.

M. A. DUKE would respectfully inform his old
customers and friends of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, that he has resumed his former business at No. 29 Light street, one door from Lombard street where he will be happy to see them all. His long experience in the business enables him to judge cor rectly of the morits and utility of any new pattern of any new Stove which may be brought before the public. His Warehouse is now fitted up, and he is full prepared to furnish any description of COOKING, PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most ap-PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can be procured in this or any other city. He is also prepared to furnish RANGES for private families and hotels. All Stoves, Ranges, or other articles, sold by the subscriber, will be set up and warranted, and if they do not fully come to the representations, after trial, they will be taken back and others substituted, or the money returned.

Extensive arrangements have been made and the est workmen employed, for the REPAIRING OF TOVES, RANGES, &c., which will be done prompty and in the most substantial manner. He solicits y and in the most substantial manner.

call from his old customers and friends, being con fident that he will satisfy all who favor him with their [August 15, 1854. patronage. JAS. A. ENGLISH, C. M. CASTLEMAN, CHAS. A. BALDWIN. ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co., HARDWARE, CUTLERY, BAR IRON, STEEL NAILS, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.,

King Street, corner of Market Alley, July 25, 1854. ALEXANDRIA, VA. WM. W. CVERMAN. GEO. J. BICHARDSON. CHAS. W. SINCLAIR,

LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN,

UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,

No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia.

IIILBUS & HITZ MUSICAL DEPOT, South Side Penn. Avenue, between 10th

South Side Penn. Avenue, between 10th and 11th Sts.,
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.,
Publishers of Music and Dealers in all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND MUSICAL MER,
CHANDIZE. The greatest variety of American and
Foreign Publications of Music constantly kept on hand, to which we are daily-making additions.
Our stock of Instruments embraces CHURCH and
PARLOR ORGANS: PIANOS, from the most celebrated European and American Manufactories, with brated European and American Manufactories, wit and without the admired Edian attachment: MF LODIANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, ACCORDEONS, FLUTINAS, BANJOS, TAMBORINES; BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS of every description. Strings of the best quality for all

Instruments.

(13-Orders from the country punctually attended to.
(13-Pianos and all other kind of Instruments repaired and tuned.

(13-Music published to order.
(13-Liberal Discount made to the trade, Seminaries, Schools and the profession.

August 22, 1854—tf. NATIONAL HOTEL.
CAMDEN STREET,
Opposite Baltimore and Obje Railroad Depot,

BALTIMORE.

G. W. LANE & CO.. NEW STOCK READY-MADE CLOTH
ING AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE subscriber opened to-day, on Main street in
Charlestown, a well selected stock of READY-MADE
CLOTHING, made in the lates fashions and by good
workmen. Also a full assortment of Plain and Fancy
CANDIES, NUTS, FRUITS, CIGARS and JEWELRY. Owing to the decreased markets the CANDIES, NUTS, FRUITS, CIGARS and JEWEL-RY. Owing to the depressed markets, these goods are bought below manufacturers prices, and will be sold for cash on very small profits.

The subscriber has constituted ISAAC ROSE his Agent, with full powers to conduct the business as such—and its chief design being to give employment to said Rose and enable him, under his misfortunes to provide for his family. All those inclined to aid the latter are requested to patronize the establishment.

Of-Store on Main Street opposite Mr. Harris's.

Dec. 19, 1854. SALOMON JORDAN.

Free Press and Shepherdstown Register copy 3t.

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Wm. Lucas, near-Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Pium, and Ahmond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, are very fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK.

October 25, 1853.

TAKE NOTICE ONE AND ALL.
THAT the "Basement Rooms" of Sappingt on's Hotel, have been newly fitted up and renovated, and the subscriber may be found, daily dispensing the good things of this life, to all who patronize him. Having lately visited Baltimore, where he made arrangements to be furnished daily, he is now prepared to serve up OYSTERS in any way, by the Can or otherwise—and everything the markets afford, good to cat and drink, served in unexceptionable style. Oysters in the shell. Slaw and Sour-Krout. He hopes his frien a will still show him the "light of their countenance."

Feb, 13, 1855.

JOHN W GALLAHER.



CATHARTIC PILLS Into it into healthy action. They femore the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other objails of the body, and, by restoring their irregular action to health, correct, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first causes of, disease. An extensive trial of their virtues, by Professors, Physicians, and Patients, has shown cures of dangerous diseases almost beyond belief, were they not gubstantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Their certificates are published in my American. Almanac, which the Agents below named are pleased to furnish free to all inquiring.

Annexed we give Directions for their use in the complaints which they have been found to cure.

For Costiveness.—Take one or two Pills, or such quantity as to gently move the bowels. Costiveness is frequently the aggravating cause of Pills, and the enre of one complaint is the cure of both. No person can feel well while under a costive habit of body. Hence it should be, as it can be, promptly relieved.

For Dyspersia, which is sometimes the cause of Costiveness, and always uncomfortable, take mild doses—from one to four—to stimulate the stomach and liver into healthy action. They will do it, and the heartburn, bodyburn, and soulburn of dyspepsin will rapidly disappear. When it has gone, don't forget what cured you.

For a Four, Stomach, or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, which produces general depression of the spirits and bad health, take from four to eight Pills at first, and smaller doses afterwards, until activity and strength is restored to the system.

For Nervousness, Sick Helenker, Nausea, Pain in the Stomach, Back, or Side, take from four to eight pills on going to bed. If they do not operate sufficiently, take more the next day until they do. These complaints will be swept out from the system. Don't wear these and their kindred disorders because your stomach is foul.

For Scrofula, Erystpellas, and all Diseases of the Skin, take the Pills freely and frequently, and the

LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, and all Bilions

LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, and all Bilious Affections arise from some derangement—cither torpidity, congestion, or obstructions of the Liver. Torpidity and congestion vitiate the bile and render it unfit for digestion. This is disastrons to the health, and the constitution is frequently undermined by no other cause. Indigestion is the symptom. Obstruction of the duct which empties the bile into the stomach causes the bile to overflow into the blood. This produces Jaundice, with a long and dangerous train of evils. Costiveness, or alternately costiveness and diarrhea, prevails. Feverish symptoms, languor, low spirits, weariness, restlessness, and melancholy, with sometimes inability to sleep, and sometimes great drowsiness; sometimes there is severe pain in the side; the skin and the white of the eyes become a greenish yellow; the stomach acid; the bowels sore to the touch; the whole system irritable, with a tendency to fever, which may turn to bilious fever, bilious colic, bilious diarrhea, dysentery, &c. A medium dose of three or four Fills taken at night, followed by two or three in the morning, and repeated a few days, will remove the cause of all these troubles. It is wicked

to suffer such pains when you can cure them for 25 RHEUMATISM, GOUT, and all Inflammatory Ferers are rapidly cured by the purifying effects of these Pills upon the blood and the stimulus which they afford to the vital principle of Life. For these and all kindred complaints they should be taken in mild doses, to move the bowels gently, but As a DINNER PILL, this is both agreeable and useful. No Pill can be made more pleasant to take and certainly none has been made more effectual to the purpose for which a dinner pill is employed

PREPARED BY J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS. AND SOLD BY

SOLD BY AGENT at Charlestown, L. M. SMITH.
E. H. STABLER & CO,
Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Bart.
Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Dealcrs in Paints, Oils, Sc., Sc. AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND. AGENT at Wincheste, DORSEY & BOWLEY, AGENT at Kabletown, A. WILSON, AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,

And Loudoun Merchants generally.

May 15, 1855—4m. HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Incorporated 1810.--Charter Perpetual. Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machine-ry, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, House, bold Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, and the stocks or while in port, the stocks of the stoc

&c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT,
In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J. P. Baown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly. Persons at a distance address through the mail.

N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising.

[5] are ' 1855—1y Applications for Insurance may be made of

MEDICATED INHALATION! DR. E. N. TRIST, With His Celebrated Hygen and Oxygenic Vapor!

DR. TRIST, graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and the recipient of diplomas from the LUNG INSTITUTION of Edinburgh and HOTEL DES INVALIDES of Paris, having sets and HOTEL DES IN VALIDES of Paris, having sets
tled permanently in New York for the practice of his
profession, begs leave to suggest to the citizens of the
United States that several years of study and successful experiments in England and Scotland, as well
as other parts of Europe, with CONSUMPTION IN
ALL ITS FORMS, enable him o warrant, not only
raising but a complete case to all those suffering with

relief, but a complete cure to all those suffering with this great national disease.

DR. TRIST deems it unprofessional to advertise; but others having represented themselves as the originators of the Inhalation Treatment, he would say to the afflicted that he alone is entitled to its first introduction; and would caution all against using the useless and dangerous compounds advertised by in-

Ompetent persons.
"Take up thy bed and walk."

DR. TRIST would say to those interested, that he has had manufactured, for the use of his patrons, his "PATENT INHALATING TUBES" through which the vapor is conveyed to the parts affected, and which he carnestly commends for the cheering results which have attended their use; and the fact, that they may be used by the most feeble invalid without any unpleasant symptoms.

To those residing out of the city, Dr. Trist will forward one of the Inhaling Tubes, together with a package of the Vapor, sufficient to last three months accompanied with ample directions for use, on receipt of a letter containing (\$10) Ten Dollars, and A cure is warranted in all stages of Consumption, RONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and all other affections of the

Bronchitis, Asthma, and all other affections of the Throat, Lungs, and Air Passages. In case of failure, the rhoney will be returned.

Address (poet paid) DR. E. N. TRIST, 68 Grand street, New York City.

December 19, 1854—6m.

WE have just received a large lot of Table and Pocket CUTLERY, and FILES of our own importation, the orders for which were sent out before the advance in prices, of which circumstance buyerscan have the advantage.

October 10, 1854—Iy Proprietors.

(1) All Passengers and Baggage to and from the Baltimore and Ohio Depot, and the Eastern and Western Shore Boats, will be carried without charge

I HAVE had fixed up at the DEPOT a pair of FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES, for weighing Cattle, Hogs, and Stock of all kind, &c., and have also made pens for loading stock on the cars. Far-mers or traders can have there stock not only loadedt on the cars here but can weigh them before leaving. on the cars here but can weigh them before leaving September 12, 1854. E. M. A SQUITH.

By a resident of this county, a good plain Cook, Washer and Ironer. Also, one or two YOUNG SERVANTS. For address apply to the EDITOR. May 2, 1854 tf

A LARGE and superior stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, NECKTIES, CRAVATS, COLLARS, &c.,

J. L. HOOFF. April 17, 1855. THE STONE HOUSE now in the occupancy of Henderson Bishop. Also another HOUSE AND GROUNDS.

JOHN J. LOCK, Agent.
February 20, 1855.

WHITE CORN for sale, sor cash only, by Feb. 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY. BLACK SMITHS can be supplied with the best.

March 27.

E. M. AISQUITH.

have the advantage.
ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

FOR SALE,

A HEALTHY stout young NEGRO WOMAN,
about 17 years of age, with an infant boy about six
months of age. She is quite a hardy girl and capable of doing most any kind of house-work. For
terms of sale inquire at the office of the "Spirit".

Noevmber 1 4,1854—tf

ADIES SLIPPERS
AND GAITERS, all sizes;
Misses and Children's do.
May 1, 1855. CRAMER & HAWES.

A TEACHER WANTED.

A TEACHER is wanted in District No. 15. S.

lary \$300. GEO. W. LITTLE, ComalMay 1, 1855.

I ERRING and MACKEREL, for sale by ... CRAMER & HAWKS.